JUPITER GENERAL

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J9

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

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JUPITER GENERAL

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J10

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY THE DOWAGER

Congress Searchlight On Viceroy's Appeal

"Inherent And Fatal Defect"

Constituent Assembly Only Can Justify All Communities, Says Rajen Babu

DR. KATJU ON ACID TEST FOR BRITAIN: MINORITIES, A WORLD PROBLEM SAYS BOSE

THAT THE GOAL OF THE CONGRESS IS INDEPENDENCE PURE AND SIMPLE AND NOT THAT DOMINION STATUS OF WESTMINSTER STATUTE VARIETY; AND

THAT PARTY LEADERS TO WHOM THE VICEROY HAD APPEALED TO COME TO SETTLEMENT, DO NOT FULLY REPRESENT THEIR COMMUNITIES, THEREBY ESTABLISHING A CASE FOR SUMMONING A CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY, ARE THE FEATURES OF A STATEMENT ISSUED BY BABU RAJENDRA PRASAD, THE CONGRESS PRESIDENT ON THE VICEROY'S 'APPEAL TO PARTY LEADERS' IN THE COURSE OF HIS DECLARATION AT THE ORIENT CLUB, BOMBAY, ON WEDNESDAY.

A WORLD PROBLEM

Sjt. Subhas Chandra Bose in the course of a speech at Madras said, that Dominion Status had already been conceded as long ago as 1917 and that the minority problem was not peculiar to India.

Dr. K. N. Katju, an ex-Minister of U.P., supporting Rajen Babu's arguments, said that a Constituent Assembly only could do justice to all communities.

Rajen Babu's Statement

WARDHAGANJ, Jan. 11.

Mr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Indian National Congress has issued the following statement on the Viceroy's speech at the Bombay Orient Club luncheon:—

"I admit that the Viceroy's declaration is the clearest of all the declarations hitherto made. But there are some things, which need to be said on behalf of the Congress. For instance, His Excellency the Viceroy refers to Dominion Status of the Statute of Westminster variety. But it should be clearly understood that the Congress goal is independence pure and simple.

"The second thing that I would like to draw attention to is about the many parties and the Viceroy's appeal to them to arrive at some kind of compromise. I wish to point out that the party leaders are not full representatives of their communities. Thus, though the Congress aspires and claims to represent the whole of India, legally I myself represent no more than the voters on the Congress register. Similarly Mr. Jinnah, although he is President of a very important All-India Muslim organisation, cannot legally represent the whole of the Muslims of India. We know that there are rival Muslim organisations."

Dr. Rajendra Prasad adds:— "Or take the Scheduled Classes. Dr. Ambedkar, an eminent member though he is, in reality represents a fraction of these classes. Therefore, when the Viceroy appeals to the parties, he evidently ignores the inherent and fatal defect I have pointed out. Such parties can never come to a just conclusion in a matter of so tremendous importance as drawing up a charter of Independence of India.

Only Solution

"So long as the British Government's attitude is not changed in this respect, their assurance would seem to lose its force accompanied as it is by a condition, which I have shown to be incapable of fulfilment. It will now be seen that the Congress has not put forth the Constituent Assembly as the only solution without careful consideration. All Congressmen realise that short cuts are no cuts and so far as the rights of minorities are concerned, it is common cause that they should be clearly defined and scrupulously respected."—A. P.

Dr. Katju's Case For Freedom For India

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11.

In the course of a statement on

(Continued on page 7 Col. 1.)

MADRAS APPEAL TO MAHATMA TO END DEADLOCK

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

The following telegram has been sent to Mahatma Gandhi, Wardha, by Sir Mohamad Usman, Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer, Rao Bahadur G. A. Natesan and T. R. Venkatarama Sastri, C. I. E.:—

"Now that H. E. the Viceroy has clarified the position definitely pledging the British Government to the grant of full Dominion Status as defined by the Statute of Westminster and has promised in anticipation immediately to reconstruct the Central Government by the inclusion of political leaders, we appeal to you to respond to H. E. the Viceroy's earnest invitation to terminate the present state of things and restore popular Governments to take charge of the Provinces.

"We feel that your efforts to obtain a clear declaration of British intentions about India have been successful and India will gain, if you, on your part, now respond generously to the appeal of H. E. the Viceroy."—A. P.

STOP PRESS

"REDS" IN TIGHT CORNER.

HELSINKI, Jan. 11.

There is reason to believe that yet another Russian force is in a tigh corner in northern Finland. Finnish "Ski Patrols" have cut the main road from Salla and Kemijaervi to Salmijaervi at several places, thus marooning a force of about 18,000 Russians who are believed to be some twenty miles in front of the point which has been cut. It is reported that the Russians are rushing up between thirty-five and forty-thousand reinforcements from the railhead at Kandalaksk.—Reuter.

GERMAN 'PLANES OVER BELGIUM

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11.

It is announced that German aeroplanes flew over Belgium today at many points. Belgium patrols gave chase and anti-aircraft guns came into action at Ghent, Brussels, Hasselt, Liege and elsewhere. The Belgian Government has decided to protest to Germany.—Reuter.

HOW THEY FLOCK TO HEAR JAWAHAR

A crowded meeting attended by thousands of people was addressed by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru at Meerut where he went in connection with the Congress Propaganda Work.

MOSCOW CALLS UP MORE MEN

MOSCOW, Jan. 11.

Notices were posted in the streets of Moscow to-day calling men of the 1921 and 1922 classes liable to military service to register at recruiting centres. The registration is preliminary to recruitment, which takes place later in the year.—Reuter.

Rome-Berlin Rupture?

No German Response To Italian Demand For Return Of 'Planes

ZURICH, Jan. 11.

According to the Berlin correspondent of "Basler Nachrichten," the Italian request for the return of Italian aircraft destined for Finland and detained in Germany has met with no response and the machines are still in German hands.

The correspondent says that the Italian attitude is that as Russia does not consider herself at war, Germany has no grounds for claiming neutrality and preventing transit of war material.

Observers here regard the incident as the first open sign of different between Italy and Germany through the Soviet Pact. The impression is that Germany will find it advantageous to conciliate Italy, when she receives considerable imported raw materials.

ANOTHER REPORT

According to a Kaunas cable, there are rumours that the Italian aeroplanes, which were destined to Finland and were held up by Germany in transit, are to be returned to Italy by the German Government. The German Government has decided to return them as a result of representations made by the Italian Government.—Reuter.

CHINESE GOODWILL MISSION TO BURMA

CHUNGKING, Jan. 11.

The Chinese are sending a Goodwill Mission of 35 boys and girls including basketball teams and a dramatic group to Rangoon early in March under the leadership of C. T. Wang, a former Foreign Minister as a return to the recent Burmese Goodwill Mission.—Reuter.

ITALIAN AID TO HUNGARY

Rome Denies Report Of Radio Announcement Cabled From London

ROME, Jan. 11.

The report that Italy has promised military aid to Hungary in the event of an attack on Hungary by the Soviet, which was announced by the Rome Radio last night, has been officially denied here.—Reuter.

WHAT ROME RADIO ANNOUNCED

LONDON, Jan. 11.

The above denial is in respect of the following London cable:—

The Rome Radio, in a midnight broadcast to New York, declared that Italy had agreed to send military aid to Hungary in the event of her being threatened by a Soviet invasion.

The broadcast added that in the course of the Ciano-Csaky conversations Hungary had agreed to shelve for the present her claims on Transylvania in view of the "more immediate concern of Bolshevik menace."

The announcer declared that this menace is not acute so long as Finland holds out and concluded by declaring that Italy is increasing her strength in order to be strong enough to keep out of the war. She is not neutral; she is only refraining from taking military action.—Reuter.

TATA DEFDS

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

Tata defds. officially closed at Rs. 2,245. Later, in the afternoon they were quoted at Rs. 2,205. At 7 p.m. the quotation was about Rs. 2,215.

HUGE TOLL OF TURKISH 'QUAKE

ANKARA, Jan. 11.

Twenty-five thousand have been killed and 80,000 injured in the recent earthquake disaster in Turkey, according to an official estimate now published.

Thirty thousand houses are stated to have been destroyed.—Reuter.

Statement In National Assembly

ANKARA, Jan. 11.

Thirty-thousand houses were totally destroyed in the recent Anatolian earthquakes, according to a statement in the National Assembly by Mr. Euztrak. Minister for Interior, who was just returned from the ravaged areas.

Mr. Euztrak gave lower figures for casualties than previously reported. He estimated 25,000 people have been killed and 8,000 seriously injured. He also stated that a heavy loss of life and material damage had resulted from flood following the earthquake.—Reuter.

UNGRATEFUL AMERICA!

Japanese Reaction To U. S. Decision To Increase Fleet

TOKYO, Jan. 11.

A Navy Ministry spokesman declared that Japan feels "grave concern" regarding the proposed 25 per cent. increase in the United States Fleet and added: "The United States apparently means to maintain a superior ration over the Japanese Navy."

Referring to the American proposal to fortify Guam, the spokesman, recalling that Congress previously rejected the proposal, said: "It is certainly unsporting to rake up the matter again."

UNGRATEFUL U. S.!

The newspaper "Yomiuri" says: "Japan decided to open the Yangtse upto Nanking and the United States has replied by announcing a plan to construct 52,000 ton capital ships!"—Reuter.

NAZI RAIDERS APPEAR OVER BRITAIN

Most Extensive Visitation Since Outbreak Of War: No News Of Bombardment Reported, But Crowds Watch British Guns In Action At Several Points

LONDON, January 11.

IN BRIGHT WINTER SUNSHINE GERMAN AIRCRAFT TO-DAY MADE THE MOST EXTENSIVE VISITATION OF BRITAIN SINCE THE BEGINNING OF WAR. THEY PASSED THE COAST AT SEVERAL POINTS FROM SCOTLAND TO SOUTH-EAST ENGLAND

NO REPORTS OF BOMBS BEING DROPPED ANYWHERE HAVE BEEN RECEIVED, BUT CROWDS IN MANY PLACES WATCHED SHARPNEL FROM HEAVY BOMBARDMENT OF ANTI-AIRCRAFT DEFENCES BURSTING HIGH IN THE AIR AND AT SEVERAL PLACES SAW BRITISH FIGHTERS ASCEND AND PURSUE THE RAIDERS TO THE SEA.—Reuter.

GERMAN RAIDERS OVER NEW CASTLE

LONDON, Jan. 11.

The Air Ministry announces:—"Enemy aircraft crossed the coast near Newcastle shortly after 10 hours. No bombs were dropped. Fighter patrols were sent up and anti-aircraft guns opened fire. The enemy aircraft were driven out to sea.

One house was slightly damaged by anti-aircraft shell splinters.

Anti-aircraft batteries on the North-East coast of England opened fire after the enemy aircraft were seen flying in a northerly direction near the coastline.

People on a bridge in a coast town hurried to shelter and others left their house to watch the scene. No air-raid warning was given.

Visibility was poor, but black puffs of exploding shells were seen against the sky. The firing continued for several minutes. Then batteries further north were heard in action.

British fighters flying at great speed, appeared and chased the enemy aircraft, which disappeared into the clouds."

On Britain's East Coast

Considerable aerial activity, says "Reuter", was seen from towns on the South-East coast of Scotland before noon to-day. Three large black planes, believed to be German, were chased out to sea by British fighters.

Shrapnel fell in the streets of Southshields, when a high flying German aircraft was driven off by gunfire.

People in the streets of a Kentish town heard distant heavy gunfire at about 13-00 hours. No planes were seen.

On the Essex coast anti-aircraft guns were also in action at about 13-00 hours against an unidentified aircraft flying eastwards at a high altitude over the Thames Estuary. No sirens were sounded and no bombs dropped.

Bombing Attack On Merchant Vessel

The Air Ministry states that "there has been considerable air activity off the East Coasts of England and Scotland this morning.

In addition to the raid already reported on Newcastle on Tyne enemy aircraft appeared off the Firth of Forth and the Estuaries of the Humber and the Thames. They were driven off by anti-aircraft fire and fighter patrols.

Off Norfolk coast enemy aircraft made a bombing attack on a merchant vessel. They were intercepted and engaged by British fighter aircraft".

Belgian Protest

BRUSSELS, Jan. 11.

The Government have protested to Berlin against flying over Belgian territory following the landing of a German plane.

A Brussels Cable of January 10 stated:—

A German monoplane made a forced landing at Mechlensurmeuse, Belgium, striking a tree as it came down. Two officers aboard were un-

(Continued on page 7, col. 4)

On Naval Front

SUPPLIES FOR GERMANY

Warships Look Out For Merchantmen Ordered Out Of Brazil

CARGO SHIP MISHAP

NEW YORK, JAN. 11.

ACCORDING TO THE 'NEW YORK TIMES" RIO DE JANEIRO CORRESPONDENT, GERMAN WARSHIPS HAVE BEEN REPORTED CRUISING ABOUT THE EQUATOR AND THEY ARE PRESUMED TO BE WAITING TO ESCORT GERMAN MERCHANTMEN, WHICH HAVE BEEN ORDERED TO LEAVE BRAZILIAN PORTS IMMEDIATELY AND SEVEN WHICH ARE READY WITH CARGOES OF WOOL, COFFEE, COTTON, ORES TOBACCO AND BEEF

GERMAN SHIP STRIKES ICEBERG

REYKJAVIK:—Sixty-two men of the German steamer "Bahia Blanca" (8,558 tons) which struck an iceberg, sixty miles off Iceland, are being brought here by an icelandic trawler.

The "Bahia Blanca" sailed from Rio de Janeiro with a cargo of coffee and minerals just before Christmas in an attempt to break the blockade.

She was reported to have been captured by a British cruiser, but the report is not confirmed in London.

Danish Steamers In British Port

LONDON:—The Danish steamers "Feddy" and "Ivan Kondrup" arrived at a North East coast port.

A British Admiralty announcement of January 10 stated that the Danish ships "Ivan Kondrup" and the "Feddy", which were reported to have sunk earlier, are still afloat and it is anticipated they will be brought to port.

Trawler Bombed

Two German bombers made an unsuccessful attempt to sink a trawler on the East Coast of Scotland They flew low, machine-gunning the vessel and also dropped a few Bombs. They scored no direct hits, though slight damage was done by splinters and bullets. Upon the approach of British fighters the Germans flew seaward and the trawler returned to port.

Spitfires Save Cargo Ships

Three spitfires to-day saved three British cargo ships attacked off Norfolk coast by a Heinkel bomber. The bomber, when sighted, was circling fifty feet above the ships and then dropped a salvo of bombs, which missed and then fled eastwards.

Spitfires chased it forty miles. When last seen smoke was pouring from the port wing of the Heinkel and the port engine was disabled.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a bachelor belonging to any sub-sect among Brahmins aged about 30 well-settled in life preferably in imperial or Railway service, to marry a young fair accomplished virgin lady graduate, well-versed in Veena. Apply to Box No. 12695, "Bombay Chronicle."

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted A Nursing Sister for the Patna Medical College Hospital—European, Anglo-Indian or Indian —General and Midwifery certificates essential—C.M.B. preferred—Experience in Theatre work essential. Capable of teaching Anglo-Indian and Indian Probationer Nurses. Salary Rs. 125-9-170/- p.m. plus Rs. 50/- p.m. for board and servants and uniform allowance Rs. 100/- per annum on completion of year's approved service. Free furnished rooms—also free water supply, electric current, upto a certain maxima. Apply with copies of certificates, testimonials and Medical certificate of fitness, by 20th January, 1940, to: The Secretary, Nurses' Selection Committee, Bihar Patna Medical College Hospital, P.O. Bankipore. (1734).

Wanted for Overseas—fully experienced British Indian Electrical and Mechanical Engineer to take charge of Power House. Only those with first class practical experience should apply to Post Box 919, Bombay. (1756)

Wanted Junior and Senior Clerks, Doctors, Lawyers, Engineers and Graduates. Apply for terms to No. 12701, "Bombay Chronicle".

Will any retired District Judge willing to have part time engagement care to write to Box No. 1752, "Bombay Chronicle".

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents, Salary 100/- Samples Absolutely Free. Nationals (Woollen Mills) Limited Ludhiana." (12634)

802. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Diesel Oil Engines, 3 of 525 B.H.P. and 1 of 240 B.H.P. in good working order, apply to Messrs Kaleeswarar Mills, Ltd., Coimbatore. (12700)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Life Insurance companies in need of or interested in transferring their controlling rights against valuable consideration to communicate with Box No. 1765, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

POLICE NOTICE

IN CONNECTION with the STATE DRIVE of H.E. the Viceroy from the Head Police Office, Hornby Road, to the Town Hall on FRIDAY, the 12TH JANUARY, 1940, the public are informed that the following roads will be reserved for public purposes and will be closed to all vehicular traffic on that day as shown below:—

From 5 p.m. until after the State procession has passed.

HORNBY ROAD from Crawford Market to Flora Fountain.

From 5-10 p.m. until after the State procession has passed.

CHURCHGATE STREET from Flora Fountain to the Town Hall. Elphinstone Circle.

From 5-15 p.m. until after the procession is over.

MINT ROAD from Bazargate Street to Custom House Rd.

TRAMS

2. (1) FROM BHENDY BAZAR. Traffic 'via' Palton Road—Last car at 4-15 p.m.
(2) FROM CRAWFORD MARKET. Traffic 'via' Hornby Road—Last car at 4-15 p.m.
(3) FROM DHOBI TALAO.
(a) From 4-30 p.m. all GIRGAUM cars to be sent 'via' Esplanade Road (Mahatma Gandhi Road).
(b) From 4-45 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. KALBADEVI ROAD cars to be reversed in Cruickshank Road.
(4) FROM MUSEUM.—Last cars
'via' Kalbadevi at 4-15 p.m.
'via' Hornby Road at 4-15 p.m.
'via' Girgaum at 4-15 p.m. Later cars 'via' Esplanade Road (Mahatma Gandhi Road).
'via' Mint Road at 4-15 p.m.

BUSES

3. The bus services on "A", "B", "C", "D", "E", "F", "G" and "H" routes are affected by the temporary closing of the processional route and the Traffic Manager, B.E.S. and Tramways Company, Ltd., has been permitted to run these buses by alternative routes NOT affecting the processional route during the period it is closed to all traffic.

4. This order is made under the provisions of Section 23(4) of the City of Bombay Police Act, IV of 1902.

W. R. G. SMITH
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 10th January, 1940.
(1753)

SECRETARY, PUNJAB & N. W. F. P. JOINT PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, LAHORE,

Invites applications by the 5th February, 1940 on prescribed application form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury or money order receipt for Rs. 5/- for a temporary (2 1/2 years in the first instance) post of ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Electricity Department, N. W. F. P. Pay: Rs. 300-25-525/-25-700 p. m. Qualifications: A degree in Electrical Engineering of a British or Indian University or Certificate of proficiency of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore; experience of design, construction, maintenance and operation of 66 kv and 11 kv substations and underground cables and overhead 400 volt 3 phase schemes. Preference to N. W. F. P. domicile and Muslims; other communities will be considered only if no suitable N. W. F. P. Muslims are available. Government servants eligible if permitted by authority. Full particulars on application. (1706)

Public Notices

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER of Stores, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the supply of copper strips for pantographs, phosphor copper and copper rail bonds. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2/- per copy and relative drawings at Rs. 5/- per set. Payment by cheque, postal order or postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 12-2-1940 at 3 p. m. (S. T.). (1736)

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. BOMBAY.

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 56691 on the life of Trimbak Kashinath Bapat of Dhond, a fresh policy in lieu thereof will be issued unless objection is lodged with the Company within one month from this date.

Bombay, 10th January, 1940.
E. E. ALLUM,
Manager.
(1759)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the right of skinning dead animals for one, three, five and ten years alternatively commencing from 1-4-1940 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay on 22-1-1940 not later than 1 P. M. (B. T.).

The tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay. It should be endorsed, "Tender for the right of skinning dead animals."

Forms of tender specification, etc. will be issued to anyone on payment of Rupee one only by the undersigned who will give further information required.

Names of all contracting parties should be specified in the tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
R. K. MHATRE,
Ag. Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt:
Bombay, 9th Jan. 1940.
(1748)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

WITH REFERENCE to the Commissioner of Police Bombay's Notice, dated the 10th January, 1940, closing certain roads to all vehicular traffic between 5-00 p.m. and 5-30 p.m. on FRIDAY, the 12th January, 1940, on the occasion of the State Drive of H. E. the Viceroy from the Head Police Office, Hornby Road to the Town Hall, the public are hereby advised, in order to save themselves delay and inconvenience, to use the following roads:—

SOUTH BOUND TRAFFIC—via Carnac Road, Dhobi Talao, Cruickshank Road and Waudby Road or Mahatma Gandhi Road (Esplanade Road.)

Public using Frere Road, travelling South are advised to use the above routes after 5 p.m.

NORTH BOUND TRAFFIC—via Flora Fountain (West), Mahatma Gandhi Road (Esplanade Road), Dhobi Talao.

Public using Apollo Street, Custom House Road, Mint Road are advised to use the above route after 5 p.m.

Public going to and from Victoria Terminus Station are advised to use St. George's Road, Frere Road and Carnac Road.

PARKING.

No parking will be permitted on Hornby Road, Churchgate Street and Elphinstone Circle.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 10th January, 1940.
1754.

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of old and unserviceable stores and timber scrap available for disposal at the Sub-Stores Depot, Jhansi. Price per copy of tender form Re. 1 which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 30th January, 1940, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) Tender forms obtainable either from the Controller of Stores' Office or from the Depot Superintendent, Stores Sub-Depot, Jhansi. Payment by cheque, postal order or postage stamps will not be accepted. 1715.

Public Notices

NOTICE

BOMBAY TELEPHONE COMPANY, LIMITED

NEW TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

SUBSCRIBERS are urged to take delivery of the NEW TELEPHONE DIRECTORY issued on the 1st January, 1940, if they have not already done so, as there are even more than the usual number of changes in telephone numbers.

(1740).

TO BE LET

LARGE WORKSHOP, STORE SHEDS, OFFICE ROOMS, SERVANTS QUARTERS

with extensive open land adjoining H.H. The Agakhan's Bungalow, Mazagaon.

Additions and alterations to suit clients' requirements will be considered.

For Particulars apply: TOP FLOOR,
Construction House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.
1760

Legal Notices

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 949 of 1938.

GOPINATH JANARDAN MHATRE, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, carrying on business of Building Contractor under the name and style of Messrs. G. Mhatre and Company, 167, Hindu Colony, Dadar, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

1. Dr. WAMAN GAJANAN JAVALE 2. KHANDERAO GAJANAN JAVALE, both of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, both residing at Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above suit on the 13th day of December, 1938, it was *inter alia* ordered that the Defendants do pay to the Plaintiff the sum of Rs. 11,005-14-0 for debt and interest and the costs of this suit when taxed and noted in the margin of the said Decree and further simple interest at the rate of six per cent per annum upon the amount of the said Judgment from the 13th day of December, 1938, until payment

AND WHEREAS by a Warrant of Sale, dated the 15th day of April, 1939, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to sell by public auction all the right, title and interest of the Defendants and of Purshottam Waman Javale a minor by his father and natural Guardian Dr. Waman Gajanan Javale the Defendant No. 1 in the lands and premises in the said Warrant mentioned that is to say

All that piece or parcel of pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing, lying and being at the Cadell Road (Mahim Bazar Road) in the registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 10002 Square yards or thereabouts as per Collector's Survey but by the actual measurement 10553 square yards and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos 3 & 42 and 3444, A3548, B3444, B3548 New Nos. 604, 606, 607, Old Survey No. 304, 305 New Survey Nos Part of 1/1571 and 2/1571 and 3/1571 Cadastral Survey Nos. Part of 334, 335, and 339 of Mahim Division and in the books of Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "G" Ward Nos 4632, 4633, 4634, 4635, 4637, 4636, 4639 and 4640 (1) and Street Nos. 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 998, 999, and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Cadell Road or Mahim Bazar Road or towards the West by the property of Harischandra Manek Patil, on or towards the North partly by the property of Messrs. Ganpatrao Janardan Rath and his brothers Bhasker and Vasant and partly by the land belonging to Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay, on or towards the South partly by the property of the Vicar and Gardens of the Church of M. S. De' Salvasoo and partly by the property of Anant Moraba Churi.

NOW IT IS HEREBY PROCLAIMED AND NOTIFIED that on the 15th day of January, 1940, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said Warrant of sale, dated 15th April, 1939 put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said Defendants and of Purshottam Waman Javale a minor by his father and natural Guardian Dr. Waman Gajanan Javale the Defendant No. 1 in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree, costs, costs of previous and of this execution together with Sheriff's poundage.

The following is a list of the rights, charges and claims to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable:—

(1) Claim of Fozmal Kasturchand and another allowed for Rs. 38416/- inclusive of interest as on 31st May, 1939.
(2) Claim of the Collector of Bombay allowed for Rs. 33-7-6 on account of ground rent taxes including process Fee in respect of the property for the period from 10-6-37 to 9-6-39.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said Defendants and of Purshottam Waman Javale a minor by his father and natural guardian Dr. Waman Gajanan Javale, the Defendant No. 1 have no saleable interest whatever in the property to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Plaintiff has obtained permission to bid at the sale, and set off the amount of the purchase money against the amount due to him under the decree herein.

Of the price one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the property is knocked down to a purchaser; the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the property will be sold free from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff, or at the office of Messrs. Manilal Kher & Ambalal, Plaintiff's attorneys, 80 Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 13th day of October, 1939.

PHIROZE C. BHARUCHA.
Sheriff of Bombay.
1758.

Public Notices

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of all or any of the following articles to the Government Central Distillery, Nasik Road, during the year 1940-41.

Dry Mosambi peels; Oakwood barrels; wooden vats; Galvanized iron drums; Sugar; Oils; Paints; Chemicals; Electrical Stores; G. I. Pipes; Hardware; Packing; Cement; Wooden cases; Gunny bags; Wood; Bamboos and Coopering articles.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned who will receive tenders not later than 12 noon on 5th February, 1940.

SUPERINTENDENT,
Government Central Distillery,
Nasik Road.
(1742)

KURLA MUNICIPAL BOROUGH

House Valuations For 1940-41

NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as required by Section 80 of the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act of 1925, that the entries, as required by clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of Section 78 of the aforesaid Act, have been completed as far as practicable, in the assessment-list for the several wards of the Municipal District, for the year 1940-41 and that the said assessment-list may be inspected and extract made therefrom, free of charge, at the Municipal office on week days excepting Sundays and Holidays, during office hours by every person claiming to be owner or occupier of the property included therein and by any agent of such person.

Notice also is hereby given, under Section 81 (1) of the aforesaid Act, that the Municipality will proceed to revise the valuation and assessment entered in the aforesaid assessment-list after one month from the date hereof.

All objections to the valuation and assessment entered in the said list shall be made to the Standing Committee on or before the 15th February, 1940 by application in writing stating the grounds on which the said valuation and assessment are disputed.

B. K. DESHMUKH,
Chief Officer,
Kurla Municipal Borough.
Municipal Office,
Kurla, 10th January, 1940.
(1762)

A FILM
Uplifting the Principles of
DEMOCRACY!
SHREE RANJIT'S SOCIO-REVOLUTIONARY HIT
Achhut
"THE UNTOUCHABLE"
(In Gujarati)
Starring :—Glorious
GOHAR
With MOTILAL VASANTI & CHARLIE, Etc
A SHREE CHANDULAL SHAH PRODUCTION
3RD GREAT WEEK
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.

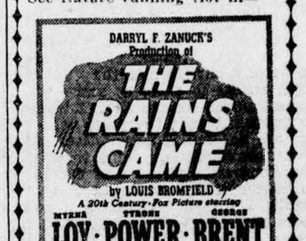
IF YOU ARE A LOVER OF FAIR PLAY
YOU MUST SEE
SUPREME'S HISTORICAL GRANDEUR
GHAZI SALAHUDDIN
Starring:
RATANBAI, GULAM MD YAKUB, MAZHAR, ISHWARLAL
Director:
I. A. HAFESJEE
at
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Mat. on Sun. at 1 p.m.

TILL SUNDAY ONLY
NOVELTY
Grant Road, Tram Terminus
To-day 6-30 p. m.
Sat. 6-30 and 9-30 p. m.
Sun. 3-30 & 6-30 p. m.
AUZURIE
AND HER KALAMANDAL
Select Programme
Reduced Rates: As. 9, Rs. 1-2, 1-14, 2-4, 3-6
Special Separate accommodation for Ladies

VERY SHORTLY
All Ways
WILL
lead to .....
? WHERE ?
Our announcement extraordinary "Will" be news!

THE VILLAGE "SWEETIE"

COMES TO TOWN
To-morrow—
My Beloved
Saraswati's Musical Comedy—Starring
JAYASHREE, PANDIT, RATNAMALA, DANVE
& That Funster DINKAR KAMANNA
OPENS TO-MORROW AT **MAJESTIC**

To-day—Last Day!
REGAL (Tel. No. 35323) and **CAPITOL**
Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EARTHQUAKES IN ANATOLIA! .....
See Nature running riot in—


Also first pictures of the
"GRAF SPEE"

ELEVEN WEEKS YOUNG!

BOMBAY TALKIES' *WINNER*
Entering its
12TH WEEK
TO-MORROW!
*
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
ROXY

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

"RELIEF" NIB
SMOOTH VELVETY ACTION
Adapts itself to your style of writing
From all Depots and Stores
INDIA'S MOST POPULAR WRITER
C. A. WATERMAN & CO. RELIEF MADE IN ENGLAND

-NOW!... an Amazing Difference"

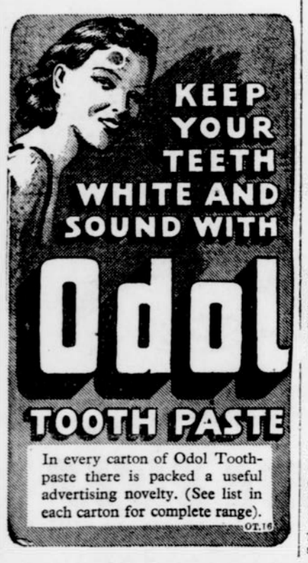
Here's a man who was in the condition that thousands suffer from—he wasn't really well or really ill. Simply felt out of sorts—his back ached—work became a strain—leisure was no longer looked forward to—life was losing its sparkle. Read how he won back to glorious health!

"I used to find work a great effort . . . my back started aching towards the afternoon . . . it required every ounce of fitness to do my work at all times so that the strain was terrible. I have been taking Fynnon Salt every day for two months and have perceived in myself an amazing difference of good and healthful fitness. I sleep and eat better and keep down fatness. Your wonderful treatment is the royal road to permanent fitness."

NATURE'S REMEDY

Fynnon Salt gives Nature's salts of the earth found in the famous mineral spring waters—the salts of Sodium, Potassium and Lithium. Thousands of wealthy people visit these springs every year in search of health. Here, in Fynnon Salt, is the treatment for which they make long and expensive journeys, available to everyone at negligible cost! And it's so easy—and pleasant to take! Simply half-a-teaspoonful in a glass of water every morning! See what a wonderful difference it will make to *your* health, too! Fynnon Salt washes away all the clogging waste matter that poisons the blood stream, and sets up harmful and painful deposits throughout the body. Few people are able, under modern conditions of life and diet, to deal with this excess naturally. That is why countless thousands, everywhere, rely on Fynnon Salt. Fynnon Salt is sold only in Green and Red labelled bottles, in green and red cartons. From all chemists, stores and bazaars. In cases of difficulty write to: J. L. Morrison, Son and Jones (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 258, Bombay.

KF677



In every carton of Odol Toothpaste there is packed a useful advertising novelty. (See list in each carton for complete range).

OT.16

WANTED

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from influential persons for the post of Provincial Chief Agent of the VIJAYALAKSHMI GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., MADRAS, for Bombay Presidency. Exceedingly liberal terms of remuneration, permanent connection and good future prospects. The Company is a sound and progressive one. Its first valuation has disclosed decent surplus and an interim bonus has been sanctioned. For particulars, please apply stating age, qualifications, present position and previous experience if any to the Manager, VIJAYALAKSHMI GENERAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., 4|105, Armenian Street, G. T. Madras. (1692)

On The Air

FRIDAY, JAN. 12.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit! 8-10 H.M.V. Delhi Studio Orchestra. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Abdur Rehman and party. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 What shall I cook? 9-5 D. R. Nimbargi. 9-20 Shankerrao. 9-30 Solo and Duet. 9-37 The Air Trio. 9-40 Kanizbai. 9-50 Abdur Rehman and party.

12-30 p.m. Qwalis by R. H. Husain's party. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Dugane. 1-10 Mutual understanding. 1-25 H.M.V. Delhi Studio Orchestra. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 2-30 Musical prelude. 2-35 Science. 2-50 An Alien Air. 3 Hindustani.

5 You asked for it. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Selected by Mrs. Noorunnisa Hakim. 5-50 Selected by V. M. Deo 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Next week on the Air. 6-20 Kanizbai. 6-30 What is your choice? 6-40 Abdur Rehman and party. 6-50 To Masters and Seths. 7 The intruders. 7-10 How they began. 7-20 Saying it with sound. 7-35 Do you know him? 7-40 Blame yourself. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Tomorrow. 8-30 Abdur Rehman and party. 8-45 D. R. Nimbargi. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Latest hits. 10 Amirbai Karnataki. 10-30 Late news.

Bombay II—Programme

31.4 metres (9.550 kc/s)

8 to 8-15 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-15 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 8-50 M. Umar Khan. 9 Amirbai Karnataki. 9-25 Two Abhangs. 9-32 Readings from Gujarati books. 9-40 D. R. Nimbargi. 9-50 Sitar and violin. 10 Close down.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Naats. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Music. 1-35 to 3-15 As in Bombay 1.

5 to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Geets. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Children's hour. 7 Careers for women. 7-15 D. R. Nimbargi. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 8-5 Amirbai Karnataki. 8-25 to 8-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 Scandinavia: Present Position, by M. Brown. 4. 8-45 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 9-30 Records (E). 10 Dunstan Roberts. 10-10 Melody Trio. 10-30 Late news.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Air Strings. 5-5 Kallan Qawwal and party. 5-25 Master Krishna Chandra. 5-40 A light orchestral programme. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Lakshman Prasad. 6-30 For villagers only. 7-30 They live again. 1. 7-50 Rashid Ahmad. 7-55 Umra Zia Begam. 8-15 Economic Review. 2 8-30 Faqiruddin. 8-45 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 8-50 Current events. 10 Lakshman Prasad. 10-10 Umra Zia Begam.

Delhi II—Programme

60.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 6-15 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 6-15 Faqiruddin. 6-30 Rashid Ahmad. 6-45 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 6-55 Umra Zia Begam. 7-15 Kallan Qawwal and party. 7-30 to 9-30 As in Delhi 1. 9-30 Kallan Qawwal and party. 9-50 Faqiruddin. 10 Eileen Leete. 10-20 Kiriloff's Balalaika Orchestra.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. For the countryside. 7 Hirabai. 7-20 Mohammad Ali. 7-30 Nazi Raj ki Kahani, 1. 7-45 Ali Bakhsh. 8-5 Hem Kalyan on the Surshingar. 8-15 Faking, 1. 8-30 Hirabai. 8-40 Gayak. 9-50 Mohammad Ali. 10 Ali Bakhsh 10-15 Hirabai.

Dacca Programme

257 metres (1,167 kc/s)

5 p.m. This that and the other. 5-30 Suresh Roy. 5-50 Sarama Bose. 6-5 Gnayer Katha. 7 Naren Ghosh. 7-20 Gopal Roy. 7-35 Strings and the bow. 7-45 How it is done. 2. 8 Devbala. 8-20 Devataraprash. 9-5 Mohammad Ishaq 9-45 Naren Ghosh. 10 Devbala. 10-15 Mohammad Ishaq.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. For the Children. 5-50 For the Children (contd.). 6-10 Girls and boys come out to play. 6-45 Jahnnavt. 9 Queenie Wood. 9-45 Miss Marlow at play. 10-15 The B B C Variety Orchestra.

Calcutta II—Programme

51.98 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m. As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Santosh Sen Gupta. 9-50 Geeta Mittra. 10-10 Bijoydas Pakrey.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6-10 p.m. Sansar. 6-24 Lucknow Radio Orchestra. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7 Ustad Hamid Husain Khan. 7-15 Ek Tha Raja. 8 Youth's viewpoint. 1. 8-15 Mohan Lal Kool. 8-30 To-day's Topic. 8-35 Gauhar Sultan. 8-50 Ustad Hamid Husain Khan. 9-45 Recorded music. 9-50 Gauhar Sultan. 10-4 Ustad Hamid Hussain Khan. 10-14 Mohan Lal Kool. 10-20 Gauhar Sultan.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Children's Educational Broadcasts. 4-5 Things of interest. 4-6 Life in the sea. 4-16 Song story in Telugu. 4-20 Instrumental Trio. 4-30 European programme. 5 Carnatic Orcestra. 5-20 K. S. Santarajamma. 6-5 R. Rajagopala Bhagavathar. 6-40 To-day's Headline. 6-45 Shrimati Pasupulati Kannamba. 7 To-day's Headline. 7-5 Week by week. 7-50 Arni Damodarachari. 8-20 Shrimati Pasupulati Kannamba. 9 To-day's Headline. 9-5 Shrimati Pasupulati Kannamba and Raghu pati. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Arni Damodarachari.

Madras II—Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 6-5 p.m. As in Madras 1. 6-5 For rural areas. 6-40 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Slavic Concert. 10-15 Celia Evans.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s)

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-20 Semponnarkoil S. R. Govindaswamy Pillai Brothers. 6-5 For the villages. 6-30 Shrimati Sengamalavalli Ammal. 7 Learn to sing. 7-15 Craft in education. 7-50 Semponnarkoil S. R. Govindaswamy Pillai Brothers. 8-45 Shrimati Sengamalavalli Ammal. 9-45 K. S. Nagarajan.

Hyderabad Programme

411 metres (730 kc/s)

5-30 p.m. Ali Buksh's Party—Qawwali. 6 "International Affairs in December"—English. 6-15 "Vimla Bai"—Thumri and Ghazals. 6-45 G. K. Iyer—American Phone. 7 to 7-30 For Children (Urdu). 7-30 Ali Buksh and party—Qawwali. 7-40 Vimla Bai—Dadra and Ghazal. 8-30 Ali Buksh and party—Qawwali. 8-55 G. K. Iyer—Violin. 9-10 Musical feature. 9-35 Vimla Bai—songs.

Java Programme

(21, 25, 27, 29 and 31 m.)

15-03 Concert. 16-00 Songs for children. 17-20 Chamber music. 17-55 Piano duets. 18-20 Nirom orchestra. 18-45 Vocal selections. 19-00 Radioplay. 20-01 Julius Tauster's Band. 20-30 Music.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Calcutta Mail (Chheoki)	9-40	20-10
Madras Mail	6-00	22-10
Peshawar-Lucknow (Express)	6-15	22-30
Calcutta Mail (Express)	9-10	17-40
Madras Express	10-15	14-25
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-35	17-20
Nagpur Express	15-00	20-55
Poona Fast Pass.	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-32	8-05
Allahabad Express	21-00	6-15

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

	Arr.	Dep.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-50
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Kathiawar Mail	6-45	21-30
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee Surat	10-58	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	23-30
Kathiawar Express	18-45	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-37	9-25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

Arrivals at Ballard Pier

Frontier Mail (on Saturday only) for London 9-40

Japanese Support In N. Y. Cotton Market

WALL-STREET LONG LIQUIDATION

Trade Support And Price Fixing

Bombay: Jan. 11.

As pointed out before all the markets are keeping quietly steady with buyers cautious. It is time to reconsider the situation and naturally there is more disposition to await further developments.

President Roosevelt's hope for peace in Spring induced scattered liquidation, but the same was easily absorbed without any damage to the price structure. Moreover the present rise entirely depends upon the progress of War and the warning given by Mr. Chamberlain indicates that it is quiet before a storm. Similarly all markets are quiet and are readjusting to changed conditions. However, it seems certain that in the face of War, there will be no inclination to sell short and we do not anticipate any drastic decline except temporary setbacks which are bound to attract fresh buying support.

The New York Cotton Market was quietly steady yesterday. Movements were narrow. Bombay selling met Japanese demand, but prices later eased on Wall-Street selling.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York Cotton Market opened steady. Foreign and domestic liquidation encountered trade and spot house and straddle buying against Liverpool. In the later part of the session prices eased on scattered hedging, but continued price-fixing was a supporting factor. Finally Mill buying appeared and the session was steady. Japanese trade reports were encouraging

At the opening March was quoted 3 points down at 11.07 but prices advanced 5 points from the opening level and March was quoted 11.12, which was the highest level reached during the first hour. Prices declined 7 points from the highest level and March was quoted 11.05 at noon which was the lowest level. In the afternoon the market again improved and finally closed at a rise of 4 points to a decline of one point. Spot cotton prices advanced 2 points at 11.45c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans Cotton Futures Market was fairly steady with scattered buying and closed at a rise of 2 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 18 points at 11.02c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool Cotton Market opened at a decline of 5 points at 8.84 for March There was Bombay selling which met trade and speculative buying. There was local selling and hedging and trade calling and short covering. The market closed at a rise of one point to unchanged. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 7 points at 9.27d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian Cotton Futures Market was steady and Uppers futures closed 1 to 3 points up, while Giza futures gained 4 to 7 points. The Alexandria Cotton Market was quiet with scattered selling. Sakels declined 12 to 32 points and Ashmouni futures lost 17 to 19 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March (10-32 a.m)—
Highest ..... 11.12+02
New York March (12-11 p.m.)—
Lowest ..... 11.05—05
Liverpool March—
Highest ..... 8.93+04
Lowest ..... 8.84—05

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day following cable information from their foreign friends:—

LIVERPOOL.—Caution necessary though expect only moderate setbacks.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following cable from their New York friends:—

"Fewer sales loan cotton fair support reactions continue. Favour long side."

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW CONTRACTS

New York. Jan. 10.

January	11.38+03
March	11.33+04
May	10.99+03
July	10.63—02
October	9.97
December	9.90—01

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Jan. 10.

January	11.21+03
March	11.12+02
May	10.83+04
July	10.42—01
October	9.97
Middling Spot	11.45+02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

January	11.29+02
March	11.22+02
May	10.92+04
Middling Spot	11.02—18

11 a.m. Rates. Noon Call

March	11.12/11.12	11.05
May	10.81/10.81	10.77
July	10.44/10.44	10.40

N. YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	27,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	6,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	34,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool: Jan. 10.

January	8.93
February	8.91
March	8.89
April	8.87
May	8.85
June	8.81+01
July	8.77+01
August	8.68+01
September	8.59+01
October	8.50+01
November	8.47+01
December	8.46+01
January	8.43+01
Middling Spot	9.27+07

11-12 a.m. QUOTATIONS

March	8.88
May	8.83

INCREASE IN CUSTOMS REVENUE

Calcutta: Jan. 11.

A windfall of over five crores of rupees in the net Customs revenue is indicated by the Customs returns for the nine months ended December, 1939.

This is an offset by the loss of over two crores of rupees in Excise revenue returns. But since the Central Exchequer had budgeted for a very little increase in Customs revenue, considerable relief would be provided to it under this head, especially in view of the increased expenditure as a result of the war.—United Press.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: Jan. 11.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. London/Paris exchange rate was 176 1/2 to 176 3/4. Dollar/Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 3.95 1/8 at New York.

London Silver prices improved 1/8d. at 22d. for spot, while forward quotation advanced 1/8d. at 21 15/16d. There was little general buying and sellers were scarce and the market was steady. New York spot Silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents per ounce. London/Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 58/5 and forward parity was Rs. 58/2/9. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted 4 1/2d. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 26/14. The local market was quiet with scattered business and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Gold was quietly steady.

Quotations were as under:—

	GOLD	SILVER
Spot	Rs. 42 0 0	60 12 0
Posh	Rs. 42 2 3	60 15 0
Maha	Rs. 42 4 3	60 13 6

LONDON SILVER

London: Jan. 10.

Spot	22
Forward	21 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London: Jan. 10.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

COTTON PARITY

Difference Broach A/M:+
Below Liverpool May 154 penny points.
Above New York May 144 cent points.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria: Jan. 10.

SAKELS	ASHMOUNI	GIZA
Jan. 21.35—12	Feb. 18.49—18	Jan. 19.21—25
Mar. 21.08—32	Apl. 18.67—19	Mar. 19.71—24
May 20.93—27	Jun. 18.76—17	May 19.99—27

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Jan. 10.

	Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5-30 p.m.
Broach A/M	321 1/2	315 1/2	320 1/2
Broach J/A	329 1/4	323 1/4	328 1/4
Oomra D/J	282	276 1/2	281
Oomra March	286	280	285
Bengal D/J	230 1/2	226	229 1/2
Bengal March	233 1/2	230	233 1/2

NIGHT SESSION—

	Opened	Highest	Lowest	Closed
Broach A/M	319	319	316	318 1/2
Broach J/A				326 1/2

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool: Jan. 10.

	UPPERS	GIZA
Dely.	10.78—10	11.22—16
Spot	10.68+ 1	10.98+ 4
January	10.71+ 1	11.06+ 6
March	10.75+ 3	11.16+ 6
May	10.78+ 2	11.18+ 7
July	10.39+ 2	11.09+ 7
October		

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay: Jan. 11.

		Rs.	as.	ps.
Castorseeds	May—			
	Opening	59	12	0
	Highest	61	12	0
	Lowest	59	12	0
	Closing	60	12	0
Groundnuts	February—			
	Opening	40	0	0
	Highest	40	14	0
	Lowest	39	15	0
	Closing	40	12	6
Cottonseeds	January—			
	Opening	25	5	0
	Highest	25	13	0
	Lowest	25	5	0
	Closing	25	8	0
Cottonseeds	May—			
	Opening	27	15	3
	Highest	28	3	6
	Lowest	27	14	0
	Closing	28	1	0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 11.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/58 Loan 92-2
3 1/2 G P Notes 88-2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 101-1
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 93-4
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 87-0
5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 110-2
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 100-0
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 103-7
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104-2
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 107-8
5 per cent 1940/43 Bond 101-15

TAXIGREE LOANS.

4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 107-0

CORPORATION DEBENTURE.

4 per cent B P T 1974 100-4
4 per cent M Deb. 1974 99-0
5 per cent M Deb. 1959 110-0
6 per cent M Deb 1954 118-0
6 per cent KPT 1956 118-0
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 117-0

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: Jan. 11

B. C. RATES:—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 11th April.
LONDON:—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 11th April
Bank's selling T T D D .....
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 9/32 Two months
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling I T 334
Bank's buying T T 330
Bank's buying D D 328 1/2
PARIS:—
Bank's selling T T 1300
Bank's buying T T 1330
JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 80 1/4
Bank's buying T T 79 1/4
Bank's buying 60 days 78 1/4
AMSTERDAM:—
Bank's selling D D 55 1/8
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 54 5/8
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 84
SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 29 1/4
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATE:—
Hongkong/London 1/2 31/32 11th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/5 1/16 11th inst.
Java/London 7.46/54 11th inst.
New York/London 3.95 3/8 10th inst.
London/New York 4.02½/5¼ 10th inst.
London/Paris 176½/3/4 10th inst.
London/Italy 78.00 10th inst.
London/Belgium 23.85/24.00 10th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.85/95 10th inst.
London/Stockholm 18.85/95 10th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.52/57 10th inst.
London/Japan 1/2 11/32 10th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8/8/0 9th inst
Gold £8/8/0 10th inst.
Silver London Ready 21 7/8 9th inst.
Silver London Ready 22 10th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 13/16 9th inst.
Silver London Forward 21 15/16 10th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 9th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 10th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/8 per cent 9th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/8 per cent 10th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 9th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 10th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/2 per cent.
3 months 2 1/2 per cent.
6 months 2 1/4 per cent.
Tone:—Firm

INDIAN STERLING LOANS.

London: Jan. 10.

Indian Sterling Loans:—

3 per cent	74
3 1/2 per cent	86
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	97 1/4
4 per cent 1948/53	103 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1953/55	106
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	107 1/4
5 per cent 1942/47	104 3/4
3 per cent 1949/52	93 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	70 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	96
4 per cent Funding Loan 1960/90	109 1/2
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordy.	66/10½

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay: Jan. 11.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 88/2; 4 per cent 1960-70 103/8; 5 per cent 1945/55 110/2.

BANKS

Bank of Baroda 100/8; Bank of Hindusthan 24; Bank of India 142/12; Central Bank 35; Imperial Bank F P 1525; Imperial Bank P P 368/12; Indian Overseas Bank 47; Reserve Bank 107; Union Bank 5/11

TEXTILES

Ahmd. New Textiles 505; Ambica 298/2; Arun 245/4; Arvind 1450; Asok 246/4; Bharatkhand Textiles 2360; Bombay Dyeing 1136/4; Buckingham and Carnatics 227; Calico 808/12; Central India 381/4; Century 402/8; Colaba 208/2; Elgin 165; Gokak 231/4; Hukumchand 166/10; Indore Malwa 50/10; Jubilee 310; Khatau Makanji 141/4; Kohinoor 418/2; Laxmi Cotton 606; Madhusudan 200; Marsden 118/12; Morarji 240; Mysore 126/4; Nandlal Bhandari 77/4; New Great 453/12; Raipur 745; Rajnagar 180; Sajjan 97/8; Sassoon and Alliance 88; Sholapur 4400; Simplex 133/7; Swadeshi 358/12; Vishnu 1435.

HYDRO ELECTRICS

Andhra Valley Ord. 1482/8; Tata Hydro Ord. 156/9; Tata Power Ord. 1347/8.

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics 150; Ajmer Electrics 10/12; Amalgamated 10/12; Bombay Suburban 165; Bombay Tram. 131/4; Lahore Electrics 225; Surat Electrics 170.

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown 562/8; Associated Cements 135/12; Belapur 245; Bombay Burma New 228/2; Bombay Burma Old 698/12; Bombay Steam 331/4; Bombay Telephone 85/4; Br. B. Petrol 5/10; Burma Corporation 7/13; Dalmia Cement 10; Indian Bleaching 145; Industrial Investment Tr. 50; Indian Radio Ord. 442/8; Indian Radio Defd. 442/8; Indian Copper 2/11; Indian Iron 45; Mysore Sugar 45/4; Port Canning 74/8; Premier Construction 83/12; Rohtas Industries 22/8; Scindia Steam 25/12; Shivrajpur 51/12; Steel Corp. of Bengal 24/8; Tata Oil 53/8; Tata Steel Ordy. 410/8; Tata Steel Defd. 2242/8.

JUTES

Birla Jute 27; Howrah 63/8; Hukumchand 9/10; Kamarhatty 590; Kankanarrah 481; Lawrence 480; Reliance 66/12.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£ 64
Indian Stocks:—	
3 per cent 1948	£ 74
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£ 86
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£ 106
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 70 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 p.c. 1961	£ 96 3/4
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£ 96
Funding loan 4 per cent 160/90	£ 109 1/2
Victory bonds	£ 108 1/2
Chartered bank of I.A. and China	£ 8 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai bank London reg.	£ 87 1/2
National bank of India	£ 28 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: Jan. 10.

T. T. London on:—
New York 4.02½/4.03¼; Paris 176½/176 3/4; Madrid 39.00; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Amsterdam 7.52/7.57; Brussels 23.85/24.00; Milan 78.00; Berne 17.85/17.95; Copenhagen 20.37; Stockholm 16.85/16.95; Oslo 17.65/17.75.

Sudden Drop In Tata Steel Shares

HEAVY NERVOUS LIQUIDATION BY WEAK HOLDERS

Textile Section Also Easy

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

During the last three days, there was steady long liquidation, which caused considerable nervous unloading in Tata Steel Shares and prices registered a sudden drop. Dfds. declined Rs. 70 and ordinary shares by Rs. 10.

There is no change in the fundamental situation and the industrial outlook, but accumulation of weak long interest was the main cause of the drop. Recent liquidation has improved the technical situation of the market but confidence is somewhat undermined.

Cotton Mill shares were also easy but selling was not impressive as professional interest is great in this section.

The local Share Bazar at present is following the cotton market and it will be seen that the day-to-day decline in cotton is followed by Share Bazar. However, profession als who have not much interest in Steel shares are allowing these shares to decline quickly. This tendency makes one to believe that reappearance of any constructive factor will induce heavy covering in Steel shares.

Persistent peace rumours and the decline in raw cotton prices damped general feeling temporarily and while we do not look for any drastic decline we favour purchases for quick turns on any further decline.

The decline in cotton prices of about Rs. 25 from the highest level, when read with the total rise of about Rs. 170 per candy, does not count much beyond a readjustment which is necessary, particularly at a time when the new crop is arriving.

There was general selling in the Share Bazar which depressed Tata Steel shares. Cotton Mill shares also sagged in sympathy but there was not much selling pressure in Textile shares. The market was quietly sagging during the first hour but the second hour found heavy selling pressure and the market became nervous with the result that prices got a bad jerk and dropped without any support. The decline influenced considerable selling, but at the same time long liquidation must improve the technical situation of the market.

Yesterday the Wall-Street market remained in the doldrums with outlook confused by peace-talk, while some believe that loss of American peacetime trade will be only partially offset by war purchases U. S. Steel shares declined 1/8 at 64 1/2. Anaconda Copper Mining shares were unchanged at 29 5/8. General Motors also closed unchanged at 54 dollars.

There is no change in the fundamental situation and to-day's shake-out leaves the market in a healthy state. It is true that weak holders lost confidence which is not unusual but professional operators are keen ly watching developments. The market closed weak.

Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2295 and improved to Rs. 2305 but later collapsed to Rs. 2237 and finally closed at Rs. 2245. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 418 and after advancing to Rs. 419 declined to Rs. 410 and closed at Rs. 411.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1150 and after advancing to Rs. 1158 declinged to Rs. 1132 and closed at Rs. 1140. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 410 and closed at Rs. 403/8. Central India shares declined to Rs 382 and Kohinoors came down to Rs 419. Simplex Mills were quiet at Rs. 134 and Swadeshi Mills closed at Rs. 360.

Hydro Electric shares were quietly steady with a restricted turnover. Associated Cements were fairly steady at Rs. 136/4. Belapurs closed at Rs. 245 and Bombay Steams changed hands at Rs. 332. Bombay Burmas opened at Rs. 715 and after advancing to Rs. 721 declined to Rs. 692 and closed at Rs. 701.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Jan 11.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	355	0
250	BOM. DEYING	1140	0
100	CENTURY	402	8
100	CENTRAL INDIA	382	0
100	COLABA	209	0
100	Coorla	130	8
250	David	60	0
250	Dawn	401	4
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0-9-6	
100	FINLAY	205	0
100	GOKAK	732	0
1000	Hindustan	2060	0
100	Indore	52	0
100	Khatau	141	4
100	KOHINOOR	419	0
250	Laxmi	605	0
250	Madras United	25	0
100	MORARJI	218	0
250	Model	95	0
50	MYSORE	130	0
200	NEW GREAT	455	0
100	Osmanshahi	51	0
100	PHOENIX	310	0
25	SASSOON SILK	88	4
1000	Sholapur	4400	0
50	SIMPLEX	134	0
50	SWADESHI	360	0
100	SWAN	197	0
500	Vishnu	1420	0
1000	Western	995	0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	100	8
25-50	Central	35	0
500	Imperial	1525	0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	368	12
50-100	India	142	12
100	Reserve Bank	107	4
5	Union	5	11

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	136	4

INSURANCE

100	Empire	632	8
15-100	Jupiter	8	14
20	Mercantile	50	0
15-75	New India	38	12
200	Oriental	4130	0
10-50	Vulcan	6	14

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmed. Old	148	12
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY	1485	0
10	Ajmer	10	12
50	BOMBAY TRAM	131	8
100	Bombay Suburban	165	0
10	Broach	11	8
100	Karachi	182	8
100	Poona	183	8
100	Surat	160	0
100	TATA HYDRO	157	0
1000	TATA POWER	1360	0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	985	0
100	C. Province	100	8
100	Dh. Baramati	95	8
100	Gujarat	96	0
100	Mandra Bhon	93	0
100	Pachora Jamner	72	0
100	Sara Seraiganj	97	0
500	Tapti Valley	762	8

MININGS

9	Burma Corp.	7	12
2sh.	Indian Copper	2	11
10	Indian Iron and Steel	45	4
10	SHIVRAJUR	52	0
320	TATA STEEL DEF.	2245	0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	411	0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	ALCOCK	545	0
10	Air Services	5	10
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	246	0
200

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON 14 POINTS DOWN

Selling Wave In Cotton Markets Support Lacking

GENERAL BUYING IN LONDON SILVER

Gilt Advance: Stocks Steadier

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1940

New York, Jan 11

Previous closing	11.12
To-day's opening	11.05
Difference	—07
To-day's closing	10.98
Difference	—14

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1940

Liverpool, Jan 11

Previous closing	8.89
To-day's opening	8.82
Difference	—07
To-day's closing	8.70
Difference	—19

Broach April May Expectation ... Rs. 305-0
Broach July August Expectation ... Rs. 313-4

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan 11

The New York cotton showed declining tendency on lack of encouraging overseas cables with the market coming under good deal of pressure and support was lacking.

The trading in March began at 11.05 i.e. seven points lower than the last closing. Prices declined on increased hedging and liquidation while the outside selling further depressed values. March eased off to 11.03.

BOMBAY COTTON
Late Trading

Bombay, Jan 11

After opening at Rs. 306, Broach A/M slightly improved to Rs. 307-8 during the night session. The renewed offerings brought the price down to Rs. 305. The market closed finally at Rs. 305.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 11

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

March (11.07/7) 11.05/5
May (10.77/7) 10.76/5
July (10.40/9) 10.35/3

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool, Jan 11

American January (8.92) 8.75
American March (8.88) 8.72
Giza January (10.82) 10.70
Giza March (10.93) 10.86

LONDON COMMODITIES
JUTES

London, Jan 11

Dundee January (£57) £59 3/4
Lightning January (£55) £57

SEEDS

Castorseeds January February (£22 5/8 quoted) £22 5/8 quoted
Linseed Calcutta January February (£21 3/4 quoted) £21 3/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata December (£16 quoted) £16 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal January February (£14 3/4 quoted) £14 3/4 quoted.

RUBBER

Spot (11 7/8 paid and buyers) 11 7/8 paid and buyers
Forward April June (11 15/16 paid and sellers) 11 7/8 paid and value

MADRAS SHARE MARKET
Plantings Active

MADRAS, Jan 11

A fairly representative turnover took place in the local market. Planting issues were active in sympathy with the high prices ruling for rubber in London. Miscellaneous issues elicidated good enquiry. Mysore Papers, sugars, and chemicals remained steady. Cotton mills were also steady.

Exchange transactions: Bank of Mysore 880; Indian Bank 112 cd 22/12; Madras Co-operative Bank 100/8; Cambodias 10/8, and 10/12; Bangalore Woollen 180; Buckinghams 225; Radhakrishna 121; Lakshmi 41; Mysore Spun 7/3; Metturn Industries 114; Be Be Rubber 3/4 xd small lot; Midland 5/2, 5/1, 5/3, 5; Kalpettas 19; Peermade 26/8, 27; Thirumbadi Rubber 1/15; Woodland 3/14; Cochin Malabar 6/14; Thamarpally 4/10; Travancore Sugars 12/4, 12/6, 12/8; India sugars 11/10, cd; 11/8 cd; Mysore Sugar 44/8, 45/2; Mysore Chemicals 11/14; Mysore Paper 15 small lot; 15/4, 15/6, 15/8 and 15/10; East Ramnad 102; Andhra Cement 73; Indian Steel Rollings 8 and 8/2.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Jan 11

Previous closing	3.95 1/8
To-day's opening	3.95 3/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan 11

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.031/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, Jan 11

Previous closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's opening	176 1/2 to 176 3/4
To-day's closing	176 1/2 to 176 3/4

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, Jan 11

The following cable regarding London silver market was received here to-day:

Little general buying. Offerings very small. Market quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 11

Spot (22d) 22 1/4d+1/4
Forward (21 15/16d) 22 1/4d+1/4

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 11

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan 11

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 175.50 to 176.75

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (13.24 5/8) 13.24 5/8
New York on Bombay (30.18) 30.23
London on Milan (78.00) 77.75
London on Shanghai (0-4 11/16 to 0-5 1/16) 0-4 11/16 to 0-5 1/16
London on Kobe (1-2 3/16 to 1-2 9/32) 1-2 1/4 to 1-2 11/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/8 per cent
4 months (1 3/16 to 1 3/16 per cent) 1 3/16 to 1 3/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent

WHEAT AND SEEDS
Latest Night Quotations

Bombay, Jan 11

Wheat January	4	2	3
Wheat May	4	12	6
Linseed May	9	1	6
Groundnuts February	40	5	0
Castorseeds May	60	12	0
Cottonseeds January	25	5	0
Cottonseeds May	27	11	0

BOMBAY BULLION
Latest Quotations

Bombay, Jan 11

Silver Ready	60	6	0
Silver Posh	60	10	0
Silver Maha	60	8	0
Gold Ready	42	0	6
Gold Posh	42	1	9
Gold Maha	42	3	9
Sovereigns	26	13	0

METALS

Tin (£248 buyers; £248 1/2 sellers. Easier) £246 1/2 buyers; £247 sellers. Easier
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead Foreign Cash (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No 3 (111 sh) 111 sh

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan 11

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 54 1/8) dol 54 1/4
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 29 5/8) dol 29 3/4
U S Steel Common (dol 64 1/4) dol 64 1/2
U S Steel Pref (unquoted) unquoted

3½ P. C. STERLING LOAN

London, Jan 11

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £81 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan 11

3 per cent Indian Stock (£93 1/2) £94
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£86) £85 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950/55 (£106) £106 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£107 1/4) £107 3/4
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£103 1/2) £103 3/4
5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£104 3/4) £104 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/58 (£97 1/4) £97 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£104) £104 1/4

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£70 3/4) £71 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£96 3/4) £97 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£101 1/4) £101 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£109 1/2) £109 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£96) £96 5/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£108 1/2) £108 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-6) 11-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (52-3) 52-6
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/4) dol 3 1/4
Elec Music Industry (9-4 1/2) 9-0
Pinchin Johnson (18-4 1/2) 18-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-1 1/2) 30-1 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (62-0) 63-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£27 1/2) £27 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (29-9) 29-6
Unilever Ordinary (30-10 1/2) 30-7 1/2
Ford Motors (15-4 1/2) 15-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£57) £57 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (97-6) 98-1 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£5 1/2) £5 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (117-6) 118-0
P and O Def (20-6) 20-1 1/2
Distillers (67-0) 67-3
Bredfords Dye (7-1 1/2) 6-9
British Celanese (7-1 1/2) 7-0
J and P Coates Ordinary (35-1 1/2) 34-3
Courtaulds Ordinary (37-3) 36-4 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-6) 6-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (18-0) 17-10 1/2
Inter Nickel (dol 47 3/8) dol 47 1/2
Indian Iron (66-10 1/2) 66-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (17-6) 17-6
Donaro Tea (32-0) 32-0
Empire of India (23-1 1/2) 23-1 1/2

JUTES

Barnagore (£11 1/4) £11 1/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (26-3) 26-1 1/2
Gula Kelampong (23-1 1/2) 22-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (34-6) 34-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (36-3) 36-3
Burma Corporation (11-7 1/2) 11-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£17) £16 3/4
East Rand Properties (50-0) 50-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£7 1/2) £7 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown (£14 5/8) £14 5/8
Associated Portland Cement (58-1 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Trinidad Leasehold (73-9) 75-0
Sub Nigel (£10) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (25-) 25-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (22-6) 22-6
Anglo Iranian (55-7 1/2) 55-0
Burma Oil (62-5) 61-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-9) 6-10 1/2
Shell Transport (76-10 1/2) 76-10 1/2
Royal Dutch (£34 1/2) £34 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£38 3/4) £37 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£13 1/4) £13 3/4
London North Eastern Def (£2 3/8) £2 1/4
London Southern Def (£13 1/4) £13 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent (£111 1/2) £111 1/2
London Transport "C" (£65) £65

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA LTD.

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 5th January, 1940:—

LIABILITIES

CAPITAL:—	Rs.	Rs.
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and Subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each 11,25,00,000		
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	5,62,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,57,30,000
Fixed deposit, savings Bank, Current and other accounts		87,91,82,000
Loans against Securities per contra		Nil.
Acceptances for Constituents		2,92,000
Sundries		76,95,000
RUPEES		99,91,69,000

ASSETS

INVESTMENTS:—	Rs.	Rs.
Govt. Securities	37,03,66,000	
Other Authorised Investments	97,15,000	38,00,81,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	9,55,93,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	30,21,80,000	
Bills discounted and purchased	4,96,18,000	44,73,91,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		2,92,000
Dead Stock		1,88,85,000
Sundries		52,51,000
Bullion		Nil.
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	12,47,74,000	
Balances with other Banks	2,27,95,000	14,75,69,000
RUPEES		99,91,69,000

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET.

KARACHI, Jan 11

To-day's closing quotations:—

Sind Cotton January	29	13	9
March	29	9	6
Punjab January	23	5	0
March	23	6	9
Desi American January	32	7	9
March	32	9	9
Tone:—Quiet			
Wheat January	31	13	3
Wheat March	32	6	6
Wheat July	34	0	6
Tone:—Sellers			
Gram	36	12	0
Gram July	37	6	6
Toria February	46	14	6
Toria March	46	0	0
Cottonseed January	23	9	6
Cottonseed March	24	2	6
Cottonseed May	24	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Jan. 11.

Following a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 318/8 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 314/8 on fears of hedge selling and with scattered buying and selling prices fluctuated between Rs. 313/8 and Rs. 315/8 and later steadied at Rs. 314. Professional operators are holding aloof and weak holders are liquidating purchases. It appears that the market will fluctuate within a narrow range, but any important decline is likely to induce replacement by sold-out Bulls.

Later on with the drop in shares there was increased selling in Broach April/May delivery and prices after declining to Rs. 309 recovered to Rs. 310. Liverpool opened at a decline of 7 points and later was 9 points down In the local market Broach April/May was steady at Rs. 311.

Later on there was scattered buying and prices improved to Rs. 312. But there was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 308/8. The market finally closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

F G M G	Broach April/May	Rs. 307/0
F G M G	Broach July/August	Rs. 316/0
Fine M G	Oomra Dec/Jan.	Rs. 271/0
Fine M G	Oomra March	Rs. 275/0
F G M G	Bengal Dec/Jan.	Rs. 221/0
F G M G	Bengal March	Rs. 224/8

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay: Jan. 11.

	Extra Spr.	fine.	Spr.	Fine.	F.G.	Good Elec
M G Bengal U P		232	230	227	224	
M G Punjab		232	230	227	224	
M G Oomra No. 3		285	283	280	277	...
M G C. P. No. 1		300	298	295	292	...
M G C. P. No. 2		291	289	286	283	...

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay: Jan. 11.

	New Crop	January
Bengal Fine	228/29	+3 1/2
Punjab Fine	228/29	+4
C. P. 1	294/96	+17
C. P. 2	283/85	+9
Berar	278/79	+3
Khandesh	267/70	—8
Jalna/Sailu	268/70	.....
Ahmednagar	267/68	.....
		February
Broach	323/25	+2
Sindh N. T.	343	.....

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES
RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Bombay, Jan 11

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	This year.	Since 1st Septr. Last year
Khandesh	1,604	33,152	22,568
Central India	2,238	30,405	99,466
Barsi and Nagar	1,600	69,052	24,327
Hyderabad-Gaorani	1,522	28,598	2,261
Berar	6,462	135,259	65,203
Central Provinces	2,292	32,753	19,650
Total Oomras	15,718	329,219	234,475
Dholera	609	19,865	71,901
N.W. Provinces	174	19,292	999
Rajputana	734	18,174	20,818
Sind-Punjab	6,884	213,829	154,300
Broach		952	12,386
Coompta and Dharwar		14,216	13,221
Westerns-Northerns		13,702	14,443
Coccanada			6
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		439	2,540
American		379	612
Egyptian, African and Sudan	6	156,473	131,910
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,892	7
Total	24,125	788,432	657,518
Arrived by road to 4th January 1940		75,000	.....

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yesterday.	Sept. 1 to Janry 4 This year.	Last year
Europe	2,985	56,955	74,391
Japan and China	300	294,012	455,780
Coast Ports		8,904	14,827
Up country by Rail		131,623	105,748
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		600	8,180
Total	3,285	492,094	608,928

American Cotton Figures

F. P. Bales	1939/40	1938/39
Receipts to date 10/1/40	5758000	3099000
Receipts yesterday 10/1/40	27000	11000
Export to date 10/1/40	3374000	2079000
Stock at Ports 5/1/40	3278000	2970000
Stock at interior towns do.	3260000	3397000
Visible Supply 5/1/40	.....	7636000
Quantity in sight 5/1/40	9695000	7189000
Quantity out of sight 5/1/40	.....	5188000

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS

Bombay, Jan 11

Volkart Bros' Norwegian ss Bidevind of 2908 reg tons, Captain M Roberg arrived from New Orleans with general cargo.

Lloyd Triestino Company's Italian ss Col-di-Lana of 3709 reg tons, Captain O'Lova arrived from Genoa with general cargo.

EXPORTS

10 bales ctn twist waste Jani and Co; 25 bales silk waste Jani and Co; 40 bales ctn grey yarn David Sassoon and Co Ltd; 53 bales ctn pcegoods S J Fattal; 3856 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 356 bags old leather pickers waste Gokaldas and Sons; 125 bales ctn twist waste Champaklal and Co; 21 bales ctn grey yarn Textile Export Ltd; 15 bales ctn white shirting G N Musry; 2970 bags linseed The East Asiatic Co Ltd; 30 bags steatile powder Shaw Wallace and Co; 10 bales ctn c pce goods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 250 cases gum E Vallimahomed and Co; 195 bales raw cotton M M Shah; 525 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 920 bales raw cotton Chachsty and Thackersey Ltd; 110 bales raw cotton B Cursondas and Co; 100 bales raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 330 bales raw cotton T Laxmidas and Co; 270 drums gr nut oil M Bhuta and Co; 110 bales raw cotton G K Kalsha; 56 bags gum M Premchand and Co; 55 bales wool raw H K Lalbhai.

IMPORTS

1023 cases milk powder; 78 cases film; 1394 cases jams; 65 cases sauce; 60 cases cnd fruit; 55 cases peaches; 998 tins tallow; 144 cases cheese; 250 cases ale; 129 cases cnd meat; 575 cases biscuits; 70 cases wine; 50 drums cement; 118 cases soap; 588 cases confy. provision, chocolate etc.; 66 kegs citric acid; 1038 drums bleaching powder; 120 boxes fish; 500 ctns lager in tins; 84 casks whiting; 82 cases chewing gum; 1017 drums linseed oil; 393 drums paint; 119 cases elect cable; 164 cases dry cells; 160 kegs zinc white; 42 cases dentifrice, 100 cases books, maps and charts; 629 cases gin; 2055 cases whisky; 185 cases crown corks; 52 lse tyre outer covers; 170 cases cyder; 139 cases medicines; 233 cases cigarettes; 203 cases fruit salt; 100 cases polishing soap; 12228 bundles wet dates; 1025 bundles dry dates; 420 cases machinery; 803 bundles tubes; 312 single tubes; 46 bales bacon; 625 rolls roofing felt; 837 lse tyres and tubes; 71 drums cellulose lacquer; 120 d/s oil varnish; 211 pkgs water tube boilers; 300 bundles stl conduit tubing; 48 cases ctn prints; 1490 bales cotton; 268 cases ctn pcegoods; 400 lse fire bars; 75 bales wool tops; 234 bundles stl bars; 138 drums aniline dys; 60 drums liquid carbolic; 2340 casks china clay; 34 cases cycles; 70 cts mill boards; 62 drums chloride of zinc; 39 cases window glass, 300 bags carbonate of soda; 94 lse motor car outer covers; 45 lse motor car tyres; 454 drums caustic soda; 4120 bags soda ash; 392 bales stl hoops; 43 cases elect switchgear and compo parts; 100 lse o i cisterns; 60 lse pans; 544 pkgs auto and auto truck parts; 67 cases batteries; 209 pkgs motor cars, commercial and truck chassis; 158 coils copper wire; 70 tons old wood; 6363 tons coal; 100 kegs copper sulphate; 121 cases accumulators.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Jutes Quiet But Steady

CALCUTTA, Jan 11

Jutes ruled quiet but steady. In coals only moderate business was put through at more or less quotation prices. Teas were uninterested. Miscellaneous: Speculative issues ruled more or less at yesterday's levels. Government securities kept steady.

Government securities: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper 88/1; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 100/5.

Banks: Central 35 ct; Imperial conty 373 small lots c div; Reserve 107/12 c div.

Cottons: Cawnpore Textiles 7/1; Kesoram 6/12.

Coals: Amalgamated 29/14; Bengal 402/8; Central Kirkend 18/9; Deoli 11/12; Dhemo Main 19/4; New Beerbhoom 20/3; Talcher 2/2.

Jutes: Agarpara 30/12; do pref 132; Anglo-India 445/8 small lots; Bally 263; Belvedere 458/8; Birla 27/12; do pref 121; Clive 31/2; Craig 2; Fort William 302 small lots; Ganges 388; Howrah 62/12; Hukumchand 9/1; Do pref 88 small lot; Kamarhatty 685, Kanknarrah 474; Kelvin 563/8; Lansdowne 210; Naskarpara 19/2; New Central 384; Nuddea 80/8; Orient 238; Presidency 6/8; Standard 375 small lot; Union 515 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 7/11; Indian Copper 2/11; Benares Elec 12/12; Jhansi Elec 8/4; Upper Ganges Elec 10/4; Burn and Co ord 376; do second pref 127; Hukumchand Elec Steel ord 9; do defd 2/7; Indian Steel and Wire Products defd 46; Indian Iron 45/4; Steel Corpn ord 24/7; do pref 100 small lot; Balmer Lawrie 303; B I Corpn 4/15; British Burma Petrol 6; India Paper Pulp 158, Titaghur Paper 37/4 small lot; Midnapore Zemindary 82; Carew and Co ord 12/12; Tezpore Tea pref 11/13.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT CONGRESS DELEGATES

The Hon. Secretary of the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee writes:

Twenty-two nominations have been received for Ramgarh Congress, out of which two having been found irregular were rejected. The number of seats being only 10, the election will take place on Sunday, January 21.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 11/1/1940:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.030 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.4 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 69.0 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 83.0 deg. (0.3 below normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 68.0 deg. (1.2 above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 83 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E N E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 5 miles per hr.

Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 97 mls.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hrs. 15 miles per hr.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 11/1/1940

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 75.4 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.99 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT:—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 2020 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 16h. 53mts. (I.S.T.) on Wednesday, the 10th January, 1940

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay: Jan. 11.

Yarn No.	February.	April.	June
6 1/2s.	145	148	150
10 1/2s.	175	180	185
20 1/2s.	231	236	240
40s.	290	292	295

IN THE CORPORATION HALL

Our Special Correspondent.

One of the more disappointing decisions of the Corporation was embodied in Mr. Sunderdas' resolution to shelve the question of deciding whether or not a member could discuss in the House the desirability of adopting A. R. P. measures for the city. The Mayor had ruled Mr. Bharucha's resolution out of order, and the matter was then referred to the Law Committee, Mr. Bharucha asked that independent loyal opinion should be taken on this question. Whatever may be the motives, one feels that the majority party should not have enforced their strength in this matter and denied a member of the opposition a right, which he claimed for himself and about which the Law Committee itself was not so sure.

"Samachar" Brings News Earliest To Rajkot

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Jan. 11.

Rajkot public came to know of the death of Shaikh Mahmudbhai first from to-day's air mail from "Bombay Samachar." His deadbody passed to-day noon by Kathiawar Mail.

U. P. GOVT. GIVES MORE WORKING TIME TO JUTE MILLS.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 11.

Following the practice in Bengal and Bihar, says a Press Note, Government have exempted all Jute mills in the United Provinces from the provisions of Sec. 34 of the Factories Act to enable the mills to work extra weekly hours. —A. P.

Price Control In Afghanistan

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

A committee has been formed in Kandahar, including officers of the local Municipal Committee, to regulate prices of commodities. —United Press.

INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES ACT APPLIES TO WOOLLEN FACTORIES

The Government of Bombay has made applicable the Bombay Industrial Disputes Act, 1938 (Bom. XXV of 1938), with effect from the 15th day of January 1940, to the industries specified below in the City of Bombay and in the Thana Municipal Borough:—

(a) all concerns, using power and employing twenty or more workers, which are engaged in spinning wool and/or worsted and in all processes incidental or supplemental thereto;

(b) all concerns, using power and employing twenty or more workers, which are engaged in woollen and/or worsted weaving and in all the processes incidental thereto with or without an admixture of cotton, silk, rayon, artificial silk or any other artificial or natural fibres or one or more of these provided such concerns use more than 50 per cent. of wool and/or worsted;

(c) all concerns, using power and employing twenty or more workers, which are engaged in wool and/or worsted knitting or the manufacture of wool and/or worsted hosiery with or without an admixture of cotton, silk, rayon, artificial silk or any other artificial or natural fibres or one or more of these provided such concerns use more than fifty per cent. of wool and/or worsted;

(d) all mechanics' shops attached to, and all dyeing, bleaching and printing departments in any of the concerns falling under clauses (a), (b) or (c).

The Government of Bombay has also amended Government Notification in the Political and Services Department No. 2847/34-B, dated the 30th May 1939, as follows, namely;

In the list of local areas given in the said notification after entry No. 1, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

"1 (a) Thana Municipal Borough."

SUBHAS TO ADDRESS

Public Meeting At Chowpatty

A public meeting will be held at Chowpatty to-morrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m. when Sjt. Subhas Bose will address on the present political situation. Sjt. K. F. Nariman will preside.

"SHAMLAL DAY"

Punjab P. C. C. President's Appeal To Observe Next Sunday

LAHORE, Jan. 10.

Dr. Saif-Ud-Din Kitchlew, President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement expresses regret at the death of Lala Shamlal, M.L.A. (Central), and appeals to the public to observe Sunday next as "Shamlal Day"

Lala Dunichand, M.L.A., of Ambala says that Lala Shamlal's legal help and advice was readily available in many political cases and many victims of political repression got off through his able and persuasive arguments. "It must be said to his credit that he knew the art of making friends and no enemies."—United Press.

CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE

Next Meeting At Wardha On Jan. 19

WARDHA, Jan. 11.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, the Congress President, has called the next meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Wardha on January 19 specially to consider certain representations received from the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

The Working Committee may, however, transact other business also.

Babu Rajendra Prasad has received a telegraphic request from Mr. Rajendra Dev, President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee urging the Working Committee to consider the Bengal Provincial Committee's representation with regard to the appointment of the 'ad hoc' Committee by the Congress Working Committee. This representation was received to-day.—A. P.

MANZILGAH INQUIRY

Report To Be Submitted Before Jan. 15

KARACHI, Jan. 11.

Khan Abdul Quayum Khan who arrived here this morning met Khan Bahadur Allabux, Premier and other members of the Cabinet. The latter placed their point of view before Khan Abdul Quayum on the Manzilgah agitation leading to the riots in Sukkur district.

He met earlier, prominent members of the Muslim League at the residence of Sir Abdulla Haroon, with whom he is staying here. They gave him a copy of the Sind Gazetteer, 1929 and charts about the Manzilgah with a statement. He also met the Hindu leaders.

Interviewed by the "United Press", he said that he examined about 200 witnesses representing all communities and classes of officials and non-officials. He came to Karachi to see the Ministers and meet Sir Abdulla Haroon. Now his task was done. He postponed his departure from Karachi as he was sitting down to write his report which he proposed to send by Air Mail to Bombay wherefrom it would be sent to the Congress President before January 15. He addressed a public meeting in the evening.—United Press.

KIDNAPPED CONSTABLES SET FREE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

The nine members of the Frontier Constabulary who were kidnapped on the night intervening December 24 and 25 have been released.—United Press.

Bengal Assembly Budget Session

CALCUTTA, Jan. 11.

The "United Press" understands that the Budget Session of the Bengal Legislative Assembly will commence on February 15.—United Press.

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Only Forhan's brand original dentifrice contains a special anti-pyorrhoea astringent!
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"BRUSH YOUR TEETH NOW WITH FORHAN'S" R. J. Forhan D.D.S

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FEVER SAPS YOUR ENERGY AND WEAKENS YOU IN NO TIME.

At the first sign of feverish condition, take a dose of Powells Febri-cure (fever mixture). The temperature will come tumbling down.

If you suffer from chronic fevers, malaria, influenza, enlargement of spleen and liver, three or four doses of Powells Febri-cure will put you right and banish your fever altogether.

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ALWAYS READY FOR DANGER ..OR LOVE!
Theirs not to hesitate! Theirs to go out... and save... or die!
COAST GUARD
Randolph SCOTT • Frances DEE • Ralph BELLAMY
Walter CONNOLLY
Screen play by Richard Maibaum, Albert Duffy, Harry Segall
Directed by EDWARD LUDWIG
A COLUMBIA PICTURE

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Posh Shud 3, 1996
Muslim: Jilhaj 1, 1358
Parsi: Amardad 9, 1309
Hightide: 1-46; 13-43
Lowtide: 7-59; 19-30
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 20m.

R. M. FREE DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road, for the week ending 6th January, 1940, was 408; of these 250 were males and 158 females.

GRAIN MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION FREE DISPENSARY

The total number of patients who took advantage of the above dispensary during the month of December was 8,110 out of which 671 males, 424 females and 503 children were new patients and 3,542 males, 1,731 females and 1,329 children were old ones. The daily average attendance was 264.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS

The eighth sessional meeting of the Indian Institute of Architects, for the session 1939-40, will be held at its Registered Office—the Sohrab F. Bharoocha Architectural Library to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) when Mr. S. L. Silam, will give a talk on "Slum Clearance in the City".

The President, Mr. E. C. Henriques, will preside. The meeting is open to the public.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Mr. N. H. Pandia will begin his course of five weekly lectures on "The Law in Relation to Journalism" to-day (Friday) in the University, South Wing at 6-30 p.m. To-day's lecture is on "The Law as to Copyright"; Other lectures for the day will be held as usual.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Rains Came" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Rains Came" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Bridal Suite". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Coast Guard". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Nurse Edith Cavell". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bhagva Zenda" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Daughters of India" Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"The Prisoner of Zenda" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Jawani-ki-Reet" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Ghazi Salahuddin" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Achhut" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Dr. Millikan's Lectures

Dr. Robert A. Millikan of the California Institute of Technology, will deliver, under the auspices of the University of Bombay, a course of two lectures in the Physics Lecture Room (No. 2) of the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, on the following days:

Principal G. R. Paranjpe will preside over the first lecture and Professor H. J. Taylor over the second.

The subjects of the lectures are as follows:—

Saturday, (13th January) on "A New Undertaking in Physics" (Cosmic Ray Studies), at 6 p.m.

Sunday (14th January) on "A New Astronomical Undertaking" (mainly about the 200-inch telescope project) at 11 a.m.

Mechanical Engineers' Association, India

The 20th annual Conference of the Mechanical Engineers' Association (India) will be held on 16th and 17th January, 1940 in the Hall of the Victoria Diamond Jubilee Hindu Technical Institute, Lahore, under the presidentship of Mr. D. A. Howell, Superintending Engineer, Public Health Engineering Department, Punjab, Lahore.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION

Under the auspices of the Union and the Brotherhood Dr. M. B. Brahamchari, Ph.D. (Chicago) of Shri Angam Monastery of Bengal will deliver a public lecture on "American Memories" to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. in the Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Bombay.

MUSLIM NATIONAL GUARDS

Muslims who wish to join the Muslim National Guards are requested to attend a meeting which will be held at Shahru Castle Mohammed Ali Road to-morrow (Saturday), at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)

A. R. P. INSTRUCTORS' COURSE

Under the auspices of the Safety First Association of India, the next course for training instructors in A. R. P. will commence on Monday, February 12, in the air-conditioned Conference Hall, Electric House, Bombay.

Candidates should be at least matriculates, physically fit, have an elementary knowledge of chemistry and pay a sum of Rs. 3 towards entrance fee and cost of A. R. P. Manual.

Intending candidates should submit their applications in writing before 31st January to Mr. Dastur, Costing Dept., The B. E. S. & T. Co. Ltd., Electric House, Bombay.

UNITED GUIDES INAUGURAL FUNCTION

(From A Correspondent)

A stirring appeal to youths to get themselves together in a "Devoted Band" of Social Workers was made by Dr. J. A. Collaco, at the instructive address on "Our Purpose in Life" delivered by Mr. Roque S. Lopez on Sunday last in St. Isabel's School Hall, Mazagaon, Bombay. Messrs. David Menezes and Eddie Lobo eloquently associated themselves with the sentiments of the gathering. The United Melodians' Band was in attendance.

Provincial Olympic Wrestling

IN ALL THE OLYMPIC WEIGHTS

To be held from to-morrow (Saturday) at 7 a.m. at Laxmi Narayan Vyayumshala, Chinchpokli, Bombay.

OLYMPIC VOLLEYBALL CHAMPIONSHIPS

Finals: To-day (Friday) at Gilder Tank Playground, Lamington Road at 5-15 p.m. Gilder Tank Playground v. Mustan-Wellingdon Playgrounds.

Adulteration Of Milk, Butter & Ghee

Twenty-six persons were convicted during the week ended 23rd December 1939 for selling adulterated milk, the fines ranging from Rs. 15 to Rs. 125.

Two persons were convicted for selling adulterated milk during the week ended 6th January 1940. The fines were Rs. 35 and 50 respectively.

Mr. Ravji Madan, a servant in the shop at Nos. 114-116, Old Hanuman Lane, was convicted and fined Rs. 75 on 5-1-40, in default to undergo three months' simple imprisonment, by the Municipal Court of Honorary Presidency Magistrates, Fort, Esplanade Police Court, for selling ghee adulterated to the extent of 37.2 per cent.

Cheap Grain Shops In City

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The first five of the cheap grain shops to be established by the Government in Bombay City will be opened to-day (Friday).

They are situated at Pandurang Chawl, No. 18, Rajwadekar Street, Colaba; No. 126, Bazar Gate Street, Fort; Parekh Nivas, opposite the junction of Girgaum Road and Dadyshet Agiari Lane, Chira Bazar; Dalal Estate, Lamington Road; and Dhutpapeshwar Prasad, Mangal Wadi, Girgaum Road.

For the present each shop will stock the following foodstuffs:

Bajri: (1) Cawnpore and Kalpi.
Wheat: (1) Pissi (Karachi), (2) Pissi (Harafwala), (3) Khandwa No. 3, and (4) Nasik Yellow.
Burma Rice: (1) Small Mill, (2) Madhia Mandla, (3) Sughandhi, and (4) Europe quality.
Jira Sal: (1) No. 3 and (2) No. 4.
Patni: Tuwar Dal: Cawnpore.
Moong: (1) Chinai No. 2 quality and (2) Cawnpore.
Jowar: Cawnpore white, (i) 1st quality and (ii) 2nd quality.

Central Assembly Bye-election

LESLIE GWILT FILES NOMINATION

Bombay, Thursday.

Mr. Leslie Gwilt has filed his nomination to-day for the bye-election to the Central Assembly (European Constituency) caused by the resignation of Mr. Greer.

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS (INDIA)

The 12th annual general meeting of the Institution of Engineers (India) will be held at Lahore from to-day (Friday) to Monday, the 15th January, 1940.

One of the first M.Eds. of Bombay University.

MR. S. R. GOTHIVREKAR.

Mr. S. R. Gothivrekar, M.A., B.T., is one of the first M.Eds. of the University of Bombay. He studied upto M.A. (Hons.). B.T. His special interest in education led him to further research, under the supervision of Prof. Miss S. Panandikar of S. T. College, Bombay. The results of this research were embodied in a thesis entitled "Attainment Tests in Arithmetic" submitted for the newly introduced degree of M.Ed. This was the first M.Ed. thesis sent to an examiner in England and accepted for the degree.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

Mr. M. L. Patel, Crop Botanist to Government, is granted leave for four months.

Mr. V. M. Chavan, Assistant Professor of Botany, Agricultural College, Poona, to officiate as Crop Botanist to Government.

Mr. D. G. Kamerkar, officiating Assistant Judge, is granted leave for four months.

Mr. J. J. Simmons, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, is granted leave for four months.

The Governor of Bombay has cerated a temporary post of Controller of Prices in the General Department of the Secretariat for a period of three months in the first instance and appointed Mr. F. J. Karaka.

Mr. G. B. Phanse, Assistant Secretary to Government, Finance Department, is granted leave for two months.

Mr. Bhaijibhai Somabhai, an officiating talati in Dohad taluka, Broach and Panch Mahals district, has been dismissed from Government service.

Manu Subedar To Address Ahmedabad Commerce Students

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Manu Subedar, M.L.A. (Central) has been invited as chief guest to deliver an address on the occasion of the third annual college day celebration of the Hargovindas Lakhmichand College of Commerce, Ahmedabad. The gathering will be held on the college premises on Friday, the 12th afternoon.—A. P.

Hongkong And Shanghai Banking Corporation

The Manager of the Bombay Branch of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation writes:—

We are in receipt of a telegram from our Head Office in Hongkong, advising that, subject to audit, the appropriation for the year will rpobably be:

Final Dividend (Subject to deduction of Income Tax) £2-10-0 per share; Written off Bank Premises A/c dol 5 lacs; Carried forward to next year about dol 34,11,000.

Instruction To A. R. P. Wardens

BIGWOOD'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of A. R. P. Committee, Mr. C. W. Bigwood delivered a lecture on Wednesday evening at N. M. Hall of Indian Merchant Chamber on "Instructions to Air Raid Wardens."

Mr. Bigwood said that the Warden is the key of the whole A. R. P. system and on him depends the lives of thousands of people. The job of a Warden is a dangerous one while bombs are falling and he must be the last one to seek safety.

He continued that one Warden must stay at a Warden—place and the rest should go out on streets blowing their whistles because it is quite possible that the Siren may not be heard in all the streets of a particular area. At the same time he stressed that for the best working of the A. R. P. system as a whole, all the roads must be cleared for A. R. P. Services, and at the same time Refugee Room must be prepared for the successful working of this system.

He further added that the A. R. P. succeeds or fails in its effort to protect the population, to the extent to which it is able to prevent the incidence of panic and the Warden is the first to begin and last to leave.

MR. M. SLADE, C.I.E., I.C.S., Member, Central Board of Revenue, who was in Bombay this week.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUNDS

The Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 16, to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) at King's Circle and go round with them in the Ward.

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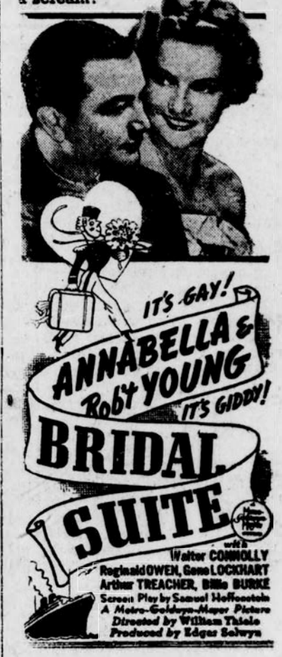

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1940

VICEROY'S DECLARATION

Sir Mahomed Usman and some other Madras leaders have sent a joint telegram to Mahatma Gandhi asking him to make the Congress accept the Viceroy's declaration and resolve the present deadlock and resume office. And their request to Mahatma Gandhi is based on their view that the Viceroy has stated that the British Government's intention is to give India Dominion Status envisaged in the Westminster Statute. The Mahatma, we have no doubt, will give careful consideration to their request as well as the Viceroy's declaration. But may we inform the Madras leaders that it is one thing to declare the intention of giving India Dominion Status and it is quite a different thing to give it and there is nothing in the Viceroy's declaration to assure the people of India that even if they settle the inter-communal differences, Dominion Status will be given to India immediately after the war? It is true, as Babu Rajendra Prasad says, that the Viceroy's declaration is the clearest of all declarations hitherto made. But it is no more satisfying than previous declarations made by him and other spokesmen of the British Government. If it makes anything clearer than before it is this that Britain is determined to persist in her self-imposed claim to be trustee of India and to be the judge of the difficulties presented by the claims of the Princes, the minorities and other bodies and interests, and also of the length of the interval between the present state of things and the achievement of Dominion Status. This is a complete rejection of India's demand for self-determination and for the exercise of the right to frame her own constitution and to solve the communal problem to the complete satisfaction of the smallest minority. Apart from the fact that India's demand is for independence, pure and simple, the appeal which the Viceroy has made to party leaders to solve the communal problem and present a united demand ignores, as the Congress President points out, the inherent and fundamental defect of the party leaders that they are not full representatives of their communities. A just conclusion in a matter of such tremendous importance as drawing up a charter of independence, as he adds, can only be reached by a Constituent Assembly. If Britain wants to resolve the present deadlock she must agree that the decision of such an Assembly or any acceptable equivalent of it will be implemented by her. On no other basis is there a possibility of a settlement with India.

Sukkur Situation

It is gratifying to note that the Sind Government are taking vigorous steps to allay the panic caused by the recent riots in the Sukkur district, to bring the offenders to book and to encourage refugees to reoccupy the deserted villages. About 700 alleged offenders have already been arrested and warrants are pending against 300 more. Special magistrates are being appointed to expedite the hearing of the cases and departmental punishments are being duly meted out to those Government servants who betrayed the public trust reposed in them and themselves participated in the riots. In order to take proper precautions for the future, arms licenses are being freely issued and steps are being taken to train the villagers in the use of firearms. This will certainly create confidence in the villagers and help them to protect themselves from dacoits.

While all this is excellent in its own way, Government must also try to lay down the foundations of lasting communal peace. The various points of disputes between the Hindus and Muslims must be settled in time and particularly a final decision about the Manzalgah question by the appointment of an impartial tribunal must be arrived at without any further delay. A heavy duty also falls upon the responsible leaders of both the communities to come together and find ways and means for the establishment of mutual goodwill and fellow-feeling which is the only solvent of sectarian animosities. According to a Karachi report a meeting of prominent Hindu leaders of the Province was held in that city during the last week-end at which resolutions were passed demanding the appointment of a tribunal to settle the Manzalgah question, whose decision must be binding on both communities, adequate safeguards for Hindu interests in regard to Sadhbella shrine, which is in close proximity of the Manzalgah, in case the latter is declared as mosque by the tribunal, and compensation to the sufferers of the Sukkur riots. The meeting, which, according to the A. P. message, was attended by, among others, Congress and Hindu M. L. A.'s, decided that the Hindu Independent Party in the Sind Assembly should withdraw their support to the present Ministry if the demands are not acceded to by the Government before the Assembly session starts on January 26.

Whatever the merits of the resolutions passed at this meeting, we think that Congressmen should avoid participating in discussion of an inter-communal question at a meeting at which representatives of only one community are present. The Congress stands for inter-communal harmony and the duty of Congressmen must always be to bring Hindus and Muslims together. They will succeed in this task only if they approach both of them as Indians rather than as representatives of the community to which they happen to belong. If, in all communal controversies Congressmen, without identifying themselves with any particular community, seek to promote goodwill and harmony among members of both the communities and settle the differences on the basis of what is right and just, we have not the slightest doubt they will soon make it difficult for inter-communal disputes and riots to occur.

Banking Legislation

Writing about the Travancore Bank case recently, we emphasized the urgent need of overhauling the present banking laws and of bringing them into conformity with present-day needs The position of banking in India is, if anything, far more complex than that of insurance, for example, which was the subject of a major legislative operation last year. The latter is an exotic plant while the indigenous banking institution is as old as it is yet vigorous. The legislator will have thus to proceed warily and pay as much attention to past traditions as to present needs, in order to safeguard the future development of the banking system in the country. We have no desire to go here into the details of the proposals for an Indian Bank Act, which have been submitted by the Reserve Bank of India to the Government of India, who in their turn have circulated them for public opinion. But we feel that the Reserve Bank is mainly influenced only by one aspect of the situation viz., safeguarding the interests of depositors. While this is no doubt absolutely essential and while the public confidence so rudely shaken by the bank crashes in the last few years will have to be restored before we can think of future progress a new Bank Act will have necessarily to deal with all other factors which affect the situation. It must be comprehensive in its scope and must take a balanced view of the various interests involved. As far as the problem of tightening the law in favour of the depositors is concerned, the proposals submitted by the Reserve Bank appear to us to be adequate. But much more will have to be attempted if the banking system in India is to be brought on a par with that obtaining in other countries.

After Six Years

By Prof. A. MEUSEL

A distinguished German deeply experienced in Opposition Movement, twice wounded in the war of 1914-18, twice in "protective custody" in Germany in 1933, escaped 1934.

Nazism must be regarded as the classical type of dictatorship combining ruthless oppression of liberty with an equally ruthless drive for imperialist expansion. It is to be understood that neither of these sides can exist without the other.

The Nazis are in a particularly difficult position. In a country like Germany, with so strong a working class and so old a labour-movement, the Nazis could not hope to keep the reins of government for any considerable space of time exclusively by terror and propaganda. They had to do something spectacular—not in a remote future but immediately after their advent to power; and what they did was the reduction of unemployment through their preparations for a war of aggression.

★

Rearmament, in its turn, ruined Germany's once flourishing foreign trade, led to a waste of machinery and plant, and created a dearth on the labour market. The Nazis tried to overcome these difficulties in various ways. The import of foodstuffs and raw materials for the industries of consumption goods was reduced to a bare minimum; substitutes were manufactured with intent to make the German industries independent of imports of raw materials. As regards the labour shortage, the following methods were applied: The undertakings, working for the needs of the civilian population, were forced to reduce their staffs in the interest of the munition industries, many small workshops and shops were closed down and their formerly "independent" proprietors turned into workers in the armament factories; the total of women workers was greatly increased; workers from Italy, Hungary, Jugoslavia were drafted into the Third Reich; latest news is that Polish war prisoners are being "lent" as labourers to large landowners and rich peasants. Furthermore, the Nazis prolonged the working day and introduced numerous speeding-up methods in those branches which benefit by rearmament.

These "peaceful" means to remedy the precarious position of the foreign trade and on the labour market were supplemented by warlike actions. The conquest of both Austria and Czechoslovakia brought the Nazis into the possession of gold, foreign exchange idle plants and unemployed workers, whereas their gains in raw materials were very limited indeed.

★

Some writers have advanced the view that the Nazi war economy is "slump-proof" because the owners of the armament factories are not compelled to seek customers in a free market but sell the whole of their output to the State, which places their orders with them before they begin to produce. In order to examine the validity of the argument one must realise that the purchasing power of the State, though by far larger than that of any citizen or a group of citizens and much more flexible, is, nevertheless, limited. The State pays for its armament orders out of the return of taxes and loans and, if the yield of these two sources is not sufficient, it can do what no private person can do: it can create new purchasing-power with the help of the printing-press, or, in other words, it can embark upon the course of inflation. The State which is covering a (growing) part of its expenditure by inflation does not avoid the crisis; it merely postpones its outbreak.

This is exactly what has happened in the Third Reich. The Nazis have turned on the tax-screw as no German Government before them ever dared to do; they forced the banks, the saving-banks, the insurance companies, and the social insurance institutions to invest huge sums in State loans which were spent on rearmament. But all this did not suffice to meet the ever-growing demands of the Nazi war-machine, and the year 1938 marked the turning-point at which the finance policy of Nazism became decidedly inflatory.

Inflation, it is generally recognized, leads to an increase in the prices or to a lowering in the qualities without change in the prices, or to the disappearance of some commodities from the market. In spite of the "price-step" decree which is still in force, the official German statistics have to admit a certain rise in prices, although they belittle this tendency and keep silent about the worsening of the qualities at "stable" prices and similar phenomena in which the depreciation of the currency manifests itself

Soaring prices accompanied by stable wages mean reduced purchasing power of the people; this effect is the more trenchant when, at the same time, the difference between gross wages and net wages is growing in consequence of the growth of compulsory deductions, when the working day is prolonged and work itself is being intensified by the application of various speeding-up methods.

★

We thereby touch the decisive reasons for the widespread labour unrest among the coalminers in Rhineland-Westfalia, the Saar territory and Upper Silesia, the dockers at Hamburg and Kiel, and the workers at the Westwall fortification. Up to this year the vast majority of labour movements in the Third Reich were on a very small scale; the movements in question, however, embraced tens of thousands of workers. In Berlin the delegates of three large-scale factories held a conference and decided upon a common platform, which begins with everyday demands of the workers and leads the straight way to political conclusions directed against the dictatorship. In former years the small number of workers who now and again resisted could easily be defeated; in the cases under consideration the Nazis employed their usual terror methods, but when they realised that they could not crush the resistance of the workers, they gave in and made important concessions. It is remarkable that—in the case of the dockers—it was the unskilled and not the skilled workers who obtained the largest concessions. Finally, it may be mentioned that all the labour movements proved the ability of the anti-Nazis to entrench themselves in and make use of the Nazi mass-organisations like the German Labour Front; thus they were able to lead thousands of employees and workers who—at present—are still unwilling, or at least hesitating, to make common cause with an anti-Nazi body. Foreign observers are inclined to suppose that every member of a Nazi organisation is a steadfast supporter of the Nazi creed; they overlook that the Nazis have the enemy within their gates and that he will come into the open as soon as opportunity arises.

The Pope's Panacea

BY "ACADEMICUS"

The priest is the instrument in the hands of Christ. Besides the Apostles, who were to die, other men had to do their work. These men are called the successors of the Apostles. The Holy Father at Rome is the successor of St. Peter. He is the vicar of Christ. He is the visible head of the Church just as Christ is the invisible head of the Church. The Bishops of the world are likewise successors of the Apostles.

These words are reproduced from the Catholic doctrinal Catechism taught in the local schools of secondary education both to Catholic and non-Catholic children (the latter in fact make up the bulk of paying pupils in most important Jesuit institutions) and should help the readers of this paper to correct the impression conveyed by the recent report of the 'Bombay Catholic Students' Rally'.

* * * *

The Doctrine of Obedience inherent in Catholicism is, indeed, the basis on which the entire ideology, presented in various patterns by 'Catholic Actionists' that is, to employ the profane jargon of party politics, the Front (Frente) reconstituted by the late Pope and now modified in an important manner by Pius XII (so as to bring it in line with the Il Duce's foreign policy) is constructed. It is no doubt a fact that many of these 'apologists' use the terminology and slogans of modern democracy and in fact create the impression that the spirit of their totalitarian ideology is indistinguishable from that of what is essentially a non-sectarian and humanistic ideology of modern democracy. But such an impression is erroneous for the simple reason that the fundamental Doctrine of Obedience which is imperative is antithetical of every existing idea of the freedom of human person, mind and thought.

* * * *

The predominance of the Total principle and the Authoritarianism vested historically in the organizational Church is discernible in the example, at once so remarkable and typical, of the Pope Pius XII who, since his recent election, has apparently undergone the completest change of personality and orientation in policy. Without entering into the details of this policy which is bound to produce the most important repercussions on the future of the Catholic Church and its role in international affairs, some of its features may perhaps be advantageously touched in this article.

Those, for instance, who had expected Cardinal Pacelli to pursue a certain line in the foreign policy of the Vatican were surprized to find himself overhauling his predecessor's policy and introducing in it certain elements that, to say the least of it, the late Pope whose chief adviser as Secretary General (a position that Cardinal Maglione to-day occupies) the Cardinal had been throughout the period of the rise of fascism in Europe, refused, with admirable courage and honesty, to countenance. The architect (with his brother Francisco Pacelli) of the Corcordat with Hitler's Germany may no doubt logically pursue this policy: but it is undeniably a fact, at the same time, that it remains incompatible with the popular impression of his personality as a Vatican diplomat and a man (that is to say, outside the ranks of the faithful who are forbidden to be critical at all in these matters).

* * * *

The Pope's recent utterances and the propaganda carried out by his network of organizations all over the world can attest to the statement I have made above. A careful study of the recent pontifical statements published in the controlled world-press (the fate of the Paris clerical paper "Le Croix" and even the French Royalist Party, only recently absolved from its sins, by the Holy Father is much too recent and furnishes deterrent examples of the discipline exercised by Rome) easily reveals the fact that the Papal approach—and it is the approach without exception also of his followers who are forbidden from expressing any view that does not coincide with the inspired utterances of the Holy See—is fundamentally different from, and opposite to, that of the world, that does not pay the tribute of obedience to the Holy Father. The keynote briefly of all these utterances is that the world is involved in misery because it has strayed from the path of the spiritual administrations of the Holy Father and the ideology that is offered under his inspiration.

* * * *

This is not true. This is not true because the cause of the catastrophes which have swept over the world are perfectly explicable. And if armed violence and aggression let loose on a peaceful world are threatening modern civilization, which is essentially the sum total of human achievement on the scientific and rational planes in contradistinc-

(Continued on page 8, column 5.)

Frankly Speaking

Balkan Situation

Development in the shape of an Italo-Hungarian Alliance are presently expected as a result of the Ciano-Csaky talks. Such an Alliance is already implicit in the communique and there need not be much surprised if it is given a formal form also. Hungary's acceptance of Italian protection is, of course, far reaching in its consequences. It is a warning to Russia which is going to act as a moral encouragement to Russia's neighbours who have been frightened by her. And, what is more welcome, it locks the Nazi way to Rumania. The situation in the Balkans will, however, not crystallise before the first week of February when the members of the Balkan Entente are expected to meet in Belgrade. If the alarm provoked by Russia is not eased by that time there is the obvious danger of the emergence of a Balkan bloc under Italy, which will be a great misfortune.

U. S. A. And Aggression

It is announced that America, which is already financing Finland on a very generous scale, will provide credits upto 10 million dollars to Norway. The move is considered to be "another effort to bolster up Scandinavia in the face of a Soviet aggression." It is obviously so. Recent Russian activities have, so far at any rate, achieved for her only a steadily increasing mobilisation of the world against herself. But, while American assistance to victims and would-be victims may be admirable, the real test of its *bona fides* as regards opposition of aggression is in its attitude towards Japan. Mr. Stimson, a former Secretary of State, in a letter to the *New York Times* calls upon Congress to prohibit export of arms, munitions and raw materials to Japan and to impress her "with the seriousness of the feeling of our people in this matter." America will be judged by what is done in this respect.

Urgent Need For Help

More earthquake shocks have been felt in Turkey, fortunately without any loss of life, so far as is yet known. But these continued visitations, coupled with new snowstorms and avalanches, emphasize further the tragedy of Turkey as also the difficulty of proceeding with relief work. They also emphasize the urgency of assistance which Turkey needs. India has done much. But she can do more. In this connection we must cammend the contribution of Rs. 2,000, which has just been made towards the relief of the Turks by the Madras Corporation. The Amritsar Municipality in the Punjab has also given a donation. We hope these instances will multiply. We also earnestly hope individuals will come forward with earnest of their generosity and will do so without delay. The President of the Congress has already announced the opening of a fund and his appeal calls for a good and prompt response.

To Check Profiteering

To meet the menace of profiteering that has been steadily on the increase since the outbreak of the war, the Registrar of Co-operative Societies and Director of Rural Development, Bombay, has made some suggestions which deserve careful consideration. According to a circular issued by him, Government have recommended the formation of cheap grain shops and provision stores wherever such profiteering is noticed, with the help of local committees, municipalities and village panchayats. This is a sound idea and the sooner it is put into practice the better will it be for the consumers whose economic burden has been increasing. The Controller of Prices, we believe, is shortly arranging for the opening of cheap grain shops in the city which will be welcomed by the vast mass of citizens. It is necessary, however, that proper localities be chosen for these shops so that the poor on whom the burden of profiteering falls heaviest are the first to get the relief.

Buying Clubs

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies has made another suggestion that salary earners' societies and urban credit societies and banks should be allowed to undertake the business of joint purchases of domestic requirements of their members on an indent basis. Such joint purchases, it is believed, will enable members to obtain goods of the specific quality at practically wholesale rates. The Registrar thinks that this is an opportune moment to make a beginning with a stores societies movement which can be developed by adding the functions of a buying club to salary earners' societies, urban credit societies and banks which wish to undertake such activity strictly as agents of their members. As the problem of profiteering and increased cost of living is becoming acuter every day, the suggestion of the Registrar, if carried out, will go a considerable way in giving relief to the members of these co-operative institutions.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 11.

Interviewed by the Meerut correspondent of "The National Herald", Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have said that Mr. Jinnah had used strong language about him in the preamble to the Jinnah-Nehru correspondence which he had released to the press. He had nothing to say about this as Mr. Jinnah was entitled to use any language he liked, but he was sorry the Muslim League President should think this way.

* * * *

Swaraj to-day was within easy reach, but their friends were pulling them away from the grip.

—Jawaharlal Nehru.

Now that they are face to face with it the magnitude of the phenomenon, freedom, frightens them. To do them justice they hadn't dreamt of the danger materialising.

* * * *

Jawaharlal Nehru insists that the fate of India can be decided by the people of India and not by the Viceroy's 52 or Sir Sikandar Hayat's 12.

And yet he fails to appreciate their opposition—vide a recent correspondence.

* * * *

To resolve the Indo-British deadlock, Lord Linlithgow is ready "to give every help that I personally can."

The one effective help that His Excellency can give is to tell "His Majesty's Government" to—but no, he won't.

* * * *

"The problem of minorities is grave enough to have involved Europe in war", says Anglo-India discussing the Viceroy's Orient Club speech.

Now that our contemporary reminds us, we do recall that Germany started her Polish campaign on this issue and involved Britain in the war.

* * * *

The British Government, proclaims the same paper, have a responsibility towards the people of this country which cannot be doffed like a coat....

Quite so, quite so. That is why they are to be denied the right to a Constituent Assembly.

* * * *

Talking of Britain and the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Subhas Bose, too, thunders against this "dangerous move" of the Congress Working Committee.

Well, well, if Bolshevism and Nazism can actually meet why should not the Forward Bloc and the British Government?

* * * *

The Forward Bloc, declares Babu Subhas Chandra Bose, will not include the spinning clause in the Independence Day Pledge.

The Deshgaurab is right in a way. So far as he and his party are concerned they have been doing verbal spinning for a long time.

* * * *

If, says Sardar Vallabhbhai, anyone hindered the work of the Congress organisation, none could foretell on what rock the Congress would be ship wrecked.

We can easily foretell the Rock, but whether the Congress can possibly be wrecked is an absolutely different question.

* * * *

According to the Rome Radio the Leningrad-Murmansk Railway was again cut by Finnish Ski patrols and bombing planes.

—Reuter.

The Rome Radio must be the envy of all others who must be wondering how it is that all the more interesting happenings on the Russo-Finnish frontier invariably make a bee line to it.

* * * *

Italy, says the Rome Radio broadcast to New York, "is not neutral; she is only refraining from taking military act."

Because she doesn't yet know which side to jump.

* * * *

But Italy evidenty knows HOW to jump. For the same broadcast announces that in the event of a Soviet invasion, Italy will send military aid to Hungary with which she has no territorial frontier.

Which has stimulated our curiosity along with that of M. Stalin—and of Herr Hitler.

* * * *

"Can you type?"

"Yes, I use the Columbus system."

"What's that?"

"I discover a key, then land on it."

Britain Lodges Protest With U. S.

Discrimination Against Belligerent Ships Resented

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Britain has lodged a protest with the United States on behalf of the London Chamber of Shipping to the effect that the United States Neutrality Act discriminates against British ships as compared with those of neutral countries.

The discrimination, it is claimed, lies in requiring the transfer of the title of goods carried by British or other belligerent ships, but in not requiring such transfer in the case of neutral ships carrying cargoes to ports outside the combat zone.

The State department is studying the protest but is uncertain whether it can do anything without a change in the Neutrality Act which is a responsibility of the Congress, and it is doubtful if the State Department will recommend a change.

PROHIBITION ON EXPORT OF ARMS TO JAPAN DEMANDED

Former U. S. Secretary Of State's Plea

NEW YORK, Jan. 11.

Mr. Stimson, former Secretary of State, in the course of a letter to the "New York Times," urges that Congress should prohibit export of arms, munitions and raw material for arms to Japan and urges that legislation is needed to impress upon Japan "with the serious, seriousness of the feeling of our people in this matter."—Reuter.

"IN BRITAIN'S OWN INTERESTS"

(Continued from page 1)

the Viceroy's Bombay speech. Dr. K. N. Katju, former Minister of Justice in the U. P. Government said: "I think time has now definitely come when the British Government should realise that the Congress has laid all the cards on the table, and the Indian demand cannot be put aside by vague words.

"The Viceroy is silent about the demand for the Constituent Assembly. It may be, that he wishes to leave the door open. I suggest that utmost frankness and an attitude of helpfulness to further achievement of the goal of Independence—call it Dominion Status of the Statute of Westminster variety with the implicit right of secession from the Commonwealth—is essential if the present "impasse" is to be terminated".

IN BRITAIN'S OWN INTERESTS

It was noteworthy, added Dr. Katju, that while the Viceroy expressed his regret about the resignation of the Congress Ministries, he had not a word to condemn the propaganda, which was being carried on against them. At the back of it all could be seen a growing appreciation of the solid fact that Government of India by the old bureaucratic method was no longer possible, and it was only popular Ministries based on popular support, who could shoulder responsibility whether at the Centre or in the Provinces. He suggested that it was essential even in the interests of Great Britain that India attained full freedom at once before she could render incalculable aid to Britain, while India under bondage would be a source of weakness. That was truth, which he believed far-sighted Englishmen in India well-knew and that truth, he felt, should sink into the minds of the Government in England.

Dr. Katju said, he was glad that the Viceroy referred to the Indian States and not to the Indian Princes. This was vital because, States consisted of millions of people who were as much interested in, and entitled to, freedom as their brethren in British India. An Indian federation was a necessity for the preservation of Indian unity, but that should be united federation of the people.

Referring to the Viceroy's appeals to all Indian communities for settlement, Dr. Katju said that was precisely why the Congress wanted a Constituent Assembly. That would give all the people an opportunity to speak through their chosen leaders and constitution making would become a comparatively easy task.—A. P.

"DOMINION STATUS CONCEDED IN 1917!"

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose made a passing reference to the Viceroy's speech at Bombay yesterday addressing a largely attended public meeting on the High Court Beach this evening.

He said; While some people thought it was an improvement over the previous ones, he, for one, held there was materially no improvement at all. The Dominion Status conceded therein was conceded as long ago as 1917 or even earlier; but the question was when exactly they would have it. The speech was silent on the point. The minority problem was not a new one and peculiar to India. It was a world problem. Communal issues and justice between communities, he said, were all internal matters.

Mr. Bose is leaving Madras for Bombay to-morrow morning.—A.P.

BOMBAY VIEWS ON VICEROY'S SPEECH

That the pronouncement of the Viceroy at the Orient Club did not alter the situation in any way was the opinion expressed in responsible City Congress circles to a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle."

A person in close touch with the Congress Executive said: "The statement only betrays the anxiety of the British Government not to commit itself in any way."

He added that the statement would, however, be considered by the Working Committee.

LIBERAL VIEW

The opinion expressed even in the Liberal circles was that the statement did not contain anything which had not been referred to in the previous statements of the Viceroy.

A prominent Liberal when interviewed said: "Though there is nothing new in the Viceroy's pronouncement, it is a more definite clarification of the former statements made by him. Under the present circumstances, neither the Viceroy nor anyone else connected with the British Government could have gone further. The extent of the delay involved in fulfilling the promises made by British Government will rest entirely with Indians. To my mind the Congress people should not stick to their demand for a declaration of independence for India and of the Constituent Assembly.

GLAMOUR OF DOMINION STATUS

"It will be more to the advantage of India," continued the Liberal leader, "to be a Dominion like Canada or Australia than to be completely independent because of the present world conditions and due to the unpreparedness of India to face any aggression from outside. If India is a Dominion within the British Commonwealth, she will enjoy freedom coupled with defensive protection available to every member of the Commonwealth. The Congress would be wise in coming to realise and accept the position as enunciated by the Viceroy."

VICEROY'S "RESOLVE TO ACT"

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

Commenting on the Viceroy's speech at the Orient Club Luncheon yesterday, the "Hindu" says that it is "to be welcomed as indicating a resolve to act instead of allowing things to drift."

"But, for the stalemate to be ended" says the paper, "it is obvious that steps should be immediately taken to restore constitutional government in the provinces; and this means an invitation to the Congress to accept responsibility for office now that on the Viceroy's assurance its objective has been conceded. The other condition to be fulfilled is in regard to the liberalisation of the Central Government."

Proceeding the paper says: "We do not overlook the danger of short cuts or minimise the difficulties on which the Viceroy expatiated. But in so far as these difficulties have substance, they can best be brought home to India by throwing upon her leaders the onus of facing up to them and devising a workable solution. India's accredited leaders must be left to find out such a solution for themselves.

"It is from this point of view that the Congress demand that the present Government of India should be transformed into a truly popular Government in fact, if not in law, becomes significant."—A. P.

Acid Test For Britain's Sincerity

Dr. Katju Demolishes Gwyer's Arguments Against Constituent Assembly

Speaking on "the Constituent Assembly and other problems" at the Mamoodabad Hostel in the Lucknow University this evening, Dr. K. N. Katju, ex-Minister of Justice, U. P. discussed at length the views expressed by Sir Maurice Gwyer in his Convocation Address at the Benares Hindu University.

He said that Sir Maurice Gwyer, Sir Sikandar Hyat Khan and others had suggested the drafting of a constitution by a small committee, which should be, if necessary, subsequently ratified by a larger assembly and reference, had also been made to the examples of various dominions in the British Commonwealth and other countries of Europe. But conditions in India were peculiar.

"ONLY METHOD."

"We are dealing here," Dr. Katju continued, "with nearly 250 millions of people in British India alone leaving the Indian States aside. Precedents based on the experience of small countries with a population of a few millions only would afford no useful guidance. Further, here, the trouble is to find who are the genuine representatives of the people. So many voices are heard each claiming to be authentic voice of the masses. I dare say that in the dominions referred to by Sir Maurice, people, who met in conference, were duly accredited representatives. Here when that very assumption is being denied, the election of a Constituent Assembly is the only method by which masses of the people may be invited to declare in whom they should repose confidence.

"This may be done by different communities even by separate electorates. When we do get a number of people so elected, then the method of conference and the procedure of preliminary drafting and discussion by small committees can be resorted to without difficulty. At the present time, the credentials of everybody are being challenged by some rival group or another."

Continuing, Dr. Katju said, that it was true that the constituent assemblies had generally been convoked in Europe after revolutionary changes had taken place, but here in India this issue of Constituent Assembly was going to be an acid test for determining Britain's sincerity in its professions about Indian freedom.—A. P.

INDIRA NEHRU ILL?

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

PARIS, (By Air Mail.)

Miss Indira Nehru, daughter of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, passed over Paris a few days back on her way to a sanitorium in the French part of Switzerland for treatment. Indira Nehru has had a bad break down and medical authorities in London who attended on her, strongly urged as essential a stay and treatment in Switzerland. In view of her unsatisfactory health, Miss Agatha Harrison very kindly accompanied her to the Swiss sanitorium. I had occasion to meet Miss Nehru, shortly after her landing from the aeroplane which brought her from London. She appeared considerably pulled down and in a weak state, though she kept cheerful spirits. Latest information I have from Switzerland is cheerful and doctors there are definitely of the opinion that a three months stay will restore her well to health. I met Miss Harrison again coming from Geneva on her way to London last week. Miss Harrison informed me that the Indian issue was having a strong care in London, though it lacked a manifestation relative to this care. She held it important to keep up contacts between groups that counted in India and England.

Delhi Nominations For Ramgarh Congress

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

To-day being the last day for the filing of the nomination papers for the election of the delegates to the forthcoming Ramgarh Congress Session, 65 nominations have been filed for 14 seats for Delhi City.—A.P.

95 TRAPPED IN COAL MINE

BARTLEY, (West Virginia), Jan. 11.

NINETY-FIVE MEN HAVE BEEN TRAPPED IN A COAL MINE FOLLOWING AN EXPLOSION.

RESCUE PARTIES ARE ENDEAVOURING TO CONTACT THEM BUT IT IS STATED THAT THERE IS LITTLE HOPE ACCORDING TO ONE REPORT, AND ACCORDING TO ANOTHER SEVEN MEN ARE ALREADY KNOWN TO HAVE BEEN KILLED.—REUTER.

NAZI RAIDERS OVER BRITAIN

(Continued from page 1.)

hurt and will be interned with the plane.

STORY OF BATTLE NEAR SYLT DENIED

LONDON, Jan. 11.

The Air Ministry announces: "With reference to numerous reports of intense activity and bombing in the region of Sylt yesterday, no British air force craft were in that area after approximately 1 a.m. on January 10.

"As already announced there was an air engagement far out in the sea, but Air Ministry has no knowledge of any event, which would account for the reports referred to".

The Report That Is Denied

A Copenhagen Cable of January 10 stated:—

"According to reports from Tonder, South Jutland, considerable activity of aircraft was noted off the German island of Sylt to-day. It is thought a big air battle has taken place.

Early in the afternoon there were three big explosions, it is thought, on the mainland, caused by bombs. All railway traffic over the Hindenburg Dam was suspended during the firing, the noise of which grew further away over the water, but even after four o'clock desultory firing was heard."

3 BRITISH BOMBERS SHOT DOWN

BERLIN, Jan. 11.

After repeating the claim that three British bombers were shot down in yesterday morning's Heligoland air battle, a High Command Communique declares that another attempt to bomb the German coast was made by nine British bombers. It asserts that four German planes challenged the British and brought three down.—Reuter.

Germany Feeling The Pinch

Further evidence of the success of the Allied blockade in Germany is revealed in the figures issued by the United States Department of Commerce.

United States exports to Germany in November were valued at 3 thousand dollars compared with 39 thousand in October and 8 1|2 million in November last year. Imports from Germany in November were 2 1|2 million dollars compared with nearly 7 million in November last year.

German Fast Fighters Fail

LONDON, Jan. 11.

It is learnt that the attack on our reconnaissance planes in the North Sea was carried out by a number of Germany's latest and fastest fighters.

Additional details of yesterday's North Sea Air battle disclose that twin-engined multi-gun Messerschmidts, Germany's latest fastest fighters, diving with the advantage of the sun behind them, were unable to shake the formation of the British planes.

The clash occurred some 200 miles from the English coast.

One British plane was hit in the first attack and dropped astern. A second attack was immediately launched on this plane which was then seen to fall in the sea.

The score evened up a few minutes later when an enemy fighter crashed into the water at high speed throwing great columns of spray within 400 yards of the nearest British plane. At least, two other Messerschmidts were damaged, but they were not seen to crash.

The German plane which was forced down in Toender last evening is stated to have had no connection with yesterday's air battle in the North Sea.

Italian Steamer In Flame

A steamer, believed to be Italian, struck a mine off an East Coast town to-day and crowds on the promenade saw the vessel burst into flames. A lifeboat rescued the crew of thirty and the English pilot.

Norwegian Steamer Strikes Mine

According to an Amsterdam despatch, the Norwegian steamer "Manx" (1343 tons) struck a mine. Seven members of the crew were rescued.

The master of a Norwegian steamer reports that he has saved part of the crew of the "Manx."

Seven members of the crew are missing.—Reuter.

Wreckage Washed Up At Esjberg

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 11.

Wreckage believed to be coming from a German warship struck by mine has been washed up at Esjberg.

Finland Still Needs Help

News Of Recent Victories Should Not Cause Delay In Assistance

HELSINKI, Jan. 11.

In an interview, the Finnish Foreign Minister asked other countries not to delay their assistance because of the news of recent Finnish successes in Suomussalmi. Finland, he said, still urgently needed help.—Reuter.

RETREATING FOR 4TH TIME

HELSINKI, Jan. 11.

A communique states that on the Karelian Isthmus the day was relatively quiet apart from usual artillery patrol activity. The Russians continue to strengthen their defences

On the Suomussalmi front the Finnish troops have reached the frontier and cleared the area of enemy troops. This is the fourth point where the invaders had crossed the frontier and have been thrown back on to Russian soil.

A Moscow communique says that there is nothing of importance on the front.

Fourth Defeat On Suomussalmi Front

According to the Stockholm correspondent of the "Berlingske Tidende," it was decided at a Leningrad meeting of 300 Soviet Commissars to call new Commissars from Moscow to replace those at the front who are blamed for the Soviet defeats.

It is announced in Moscow that M. Kaganovitch, Commissar for the Aviation Industry, has been transferred to another post and is succeeded by M. Shakhurin.

Italian Volunteers Arrive

The first detachment of Italian volunteers have arrived and will be known as Garibaldian Legion.

Skating Rink Aerodromes

According to the "Helsingen Sanomat", the Red fleet has been moved from Kronstaat to Libau where a naval base has been established under the recent agreement with Latvia.

The Russians are stated to be flooding the snow-bound fields which are frozen to afford firm landings for aircraft. These "skating rink" aerodromes will have an additional advantage in that they can be moved as soon as located.

Woman Landed By Parachute

One soviet woman was discovered among Russian and Finnish communist agents. She is stated to have been landed behind Finnish lines by parachute.—Reuter.

SWEDEN'S AID TO FINLAND

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 11.

"Sweden was and is conscious of her obligation to give the valiant Finnish people all material and humanitarian help she can give in view of her own position and possibilities," said King Gustav opening the Parliament.

He added: "The drawing of Finland into the war has profoundly affected the Swedish people and their readiness to help a brother nation in distress clearly manifested. Nordic collaboration had the essential task of defending the common interests of Neutral States."

Referring to the budget and reductions of normal activity the King emphasised that the guarding of Sweden's security was the first consideration and was necessary to demand great economic sacrifices from the Swedish people.

DEFENCE BUDGET

The expenditure for defence provided in the budget for 1940-41 will amount to 47 million pounds and the Swedish Government propose to establish a special Military Committee to allocate expenditure.—Reuter.

WAR RISK INSURANCE

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Lloyds Under-writers have been unable to persuade the Rating Committee to reconsider their decision to resign. Consequently it is understood the Committee will continue to confine itself to a purely advisory capacity. Meanwhile the advisory schedule is proving a useful guide and in response to many requests, amendment of War Risk Insurance rates may shortly be issued.—Reuter.

ON WESTERN FRONT

Fresh Outburst Of Air Activity

PARIS, Jan. 11.

A fresh outburst of air activity occurred on the Western Front, were severely cold and dry weather brought excellent visibility.

Planes have taken to the air in large numbers on both sides and have been engaged principally on reconnoitring and photographic missions over the Front, with fighter aircraft giving the necessary protection.

Germans also made several long-distance reconnaissance flights over northern and eastern France as well as day and night flights towards the East Coast of Britain. It is believed the object of these night flights was the laying of magnetic mines.

A Communique states: "There was nothing to report during the night. Two enemy aeroplanes were brought down within our lines on January 10".

INTENSIFICATION OF WAR IN SPRING

LONDON, Jan. 11.

Well-informed quarters in London anticipate an intensification of the war in Spring on one Front or another. It is felt that although inactivity may continue on the land Front in France even throughout the year owing to the strength of the land defences, there is a possibility of the fighting spreading on either flank of the main Front.

Meantime it is believed that the British contribution to Finland is of a substantial nature covering many aspects of her effort, both in the air and land and appreciation is expressed in London at the action of South Africa in releasing for Finland a number of aeroplanes originally destined for the Union. These are already participating in the operations in Finland.

GERMANY'S STRENGTH

Comparative inactivity in the last four months has enabled the Allies to intensify the preparations, but no misunderstanding exists in Britain regarding Germany's military strength and it is realised in authoritative circles that wherever Germany chooses to hurl her forces, they will be immensely formidable.

AIR TRAINING SCHEME

Air training scheme in Canada is understood to have undergone variation and it is now expected that Australia and New Zealand will train more of their own pilots at home and less in Canada than originally intended. When the scheme is fully working pilots available will run into tens of thousands and this year probably will see them on the war fronts.—Reuter.

AFGHAN PAPER CONTRADICTS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 11.

The news broadcast from Rome that the Afghan army has mobilised and the Afghan forces have concentrated on the Russo-Afghan border is characterised by the "Islah," the semi-official organ of Afghanistan, as entirely incorrect.

The paper adds that Afghanistan has friendly relations with its neighbouring countries.—United Press.

Why hide your beauty behind a mask?

Did you know that Nature intended that the outer surface of your skin should be constantly changing? As the topmost layer wears away it was meant to disappear and reveal the fresh, child-like complexion beneath. But constant make-up and modern conditions show up this natural process so that after a while your real beauty is hidden by a mask of lifeless cuticle. Here is the way to remove this mask and uncover your hidden loveliness.

Massage your face and neck each night with pure Mercolized Wax. Then, while you sleep, the Mercolized Wax will be gently, imperceptibly dissolving away every clogging particle of old, weather-beaten skin and giving the fresh, new lighter-coloured skin beneath a real chance. But be sure to get pure Mercolized Wax (containing no animal fat) for nothing else works in quite the same natural way. Any chemist, store or bazaar will supply it.

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GIDDINESS
A Danger to Life!

A tendency to giddiness is more than a distressing disability—it is a constant danger to life. Giddiness is generally an indication of abnormal blood pressure and should be regarded as a *warning*. If you are subject to sudden attacks of giddiness—these two letters will be good news for you:

"Having taken 'Phyllosan' Tablets for some considerable time I have much pleasure in stating that I have been completely cured of my giddiness, and that I have a very high opinion of them as a tonic and pick-me-up and recommend a course of the tablets to all my friends who are in need of so valuable a tonic."
H.C.D.P.

"I am pleased to say I feel very much better, when I go to rest and when I get up in the morning, since I have been taking your wonderful little tablets. It is quite a pleasure to walk about and not feel giddy. I am very pleased my friends told me to try them. My nerves are much better and I can do almost anything."
T.G.

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FOR FITNESS

This is perhaps one of the finest exercises possible as it brings into play practically every muscle in the body. Another golden health rule is intestinal cleanliness. Keep yourself fit with Feen-a-mint. Feen-a-mint Laxative is most pleasant to take, most economical to use and most efficient in action. It cleanses thoroughly but mildly. On sale at all chemists and stores.

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Feen-a-mint *fitness comes first!*

India Must Have Mercantile Marine Of Her Own

Sardar Commends Scindia's Lead

WALCHAND'S CHALLENGE TO BRITISH SHIPPERS

Will They Reject Proffered Hand Of Indian National Shipping?

A DISTINGUISHED GATHERING OF MEN IN PUBLIC LIFE AND BIG-BUSINESS WAS PRESENT ON THURSDAY EVENING AT THE WILLINGDON SPORTS CLUB AT A DINNER PARTY GIVEN BY MR. PRANLAL DEVKARAN NANJI TO CONGRATULATE MR. WALCHAND HIRACHAND FOR HIS SERVICES TO NATIONAL SHIPPING INDUSTRY.

STRIPS AND CORRIDORS

Sardar Patel in his speech mentioned how all independent countries longed for a strip of seacoast, so that they could berth their ships for the benefit of their maritime trade. To get these "strips and corridors," these countries were prepared to sacrifice men and money. The reason for this was that in modern conditions no nation could be great without a mercantile marine of its own.

"MORTGAGED OUR SEAS"

"We have mortgaged our country and we have mortgaged our seas to the foreigners," said the Sardar. India had an abundance of talent and enterprize but was hampered at every progressive step on account of her subject condition.

Concluding Sardar expressed the hope that the ships of the Scindia would go their ways on the seven seas proudly carrying on them the national flag of India.

After Mr. Walchand's speech, Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, the Mayor of Bombay, commended the qualities of "tenacity" and "all-roundness" which characterised Mr. Walchand. Considering the steady progress made by Mr. Walchand in the business world of India, he had no hesitation in saying that he was of the same type as the great industrial magnate Jamshed Tata. For Mr. Walchand also had the same courage, doggedness and imagination.

WELCOME TO WALCHAND

Welcoming Mr. Walchand, Seth Pranlal Devakaran Nanjee said:—

We have all met here to-day to congratulate Mr. Walchand Hirachand for his great services to the cause of National Shipping. Mr. Walchand Hiracnand has in fact breathed a new life into National Shipping. I thank you all for having responded to my invitation on this occasion and specially I thank you, Sardhar Saheb, for having specially undertaken a journey from Bardoli to grace this occasion with your presence and thus evince your sympathy towards the purpose of this gathering.

There was a time when the flag of Indian Shipping had its place of pride in the seven seas. There came also a time when the Indian Shipping was sent to the bottom of the Sea. There was also a time when the foreign shipping which is robbing away the wealth of the country was described by our own Government as "Indian shipping" and was placed before the people as an instrument of India's prosperity. This illusion fortunately has been dispelled to-day. The true nature of Indian shipping has been made crystal clear and the credit for achieving this, goes to Mr. Walchand.

WALCHAND'S CONTRIBUTION.

It was Mr. Walchand who invested Indian Shipping with the glamour of a great National Industry, and a truly swadeshi industry. He not only created and inspired this feeling but he made it a matter of conviction with the nation. Actuated with these principles Mr. Walchand measures the development of Indian shipping in terms of National prosperity. He is ever watchful to see that these principles never suffer in practice.

WALCHAND'S REPLY

Replying to the welcome, Mr. Walchand said:

"Mr. Pranlalbhai, Sardar Vallabhbhai and Friends,

I have to thank you all for the great honour you have done to me to-night in welcoming me here in your midst and congratulating me for the little service that it has fallen to my lot to render to the cause of National Shipping. I am deeply touched with the kind words of praise which you, Mr. Pranlal, have showered upon me. I am, however, fully conscious of the fact that it is not Walchand but it is the work done by the Scindia Company which forms the vital part of Indian Shipping that has elicited these warm encomiums from you.

I often feel that it has been my good fortune to achieve success in several of my undertakings. But my failure so far in building up an Indian Mercantile Marine of my cherished dreams has filled me with deep disappointment. It is, however, a matter of some solace and satisfaction to me in my work when I find such a distinguished company of my countrymen encouraging me in the task on which I have set my heart.

INDIAN FLAG ALOFT.

I desire to see Indian ships carrying India's maritime trades to the four quarters of the Globe. I am anxious to see that these ships are controlled by Indians as well as managed by Indians. I want to see that these ships are fully manned by my own countrymen. I yearn to see the Indian flag only, as a matter of right, in my own homewaters. I long for the day when I can take my own countrymen in super-Indian "Victorias" and in super-Indian "Normandies" to all parts of the world. I dream of the time when I can see these ships built in Indian Ship-building Yards. I am impatient to make Indian Shipping the effective instrument of India's national economic policy and a powerful safeguard for the defence of its coasts in times of emergency and for the expansion of its trade in times of peace. Such a full-fledged Indian Mercantile Marine will hasten the dawn of the day when we shall find India attaining complete independence or Purna Swaraj for which you, I and all have been waiting anxiously and impatiently for all these years.

NO PROTECTION, BUT SUBJECTION.

These are my dreams. You all know that they are far far away from the existing realities. And why is that so? The answer is obvious. We are a subject nation. My friends tell me that Walchand is obstinate. I am firm in my resolve and do not yield. But can I or have I remained really so? Do you not all know how Walchand, the obstinate, has to proceed, sometimes invited, sometimes uninvited to Calcutta and to Delhi and even to London for obtaining that for National Shipping which belongs to it in every country having its national government as a matter of its own birthright.

My friends across the seas often remind me, "You have already got your economic Swaraj." They then tell me that England has given India the boon of discriminating protection. Protection from whom and for whom? That is the question. I often look right and left, backwards and forwards to find this protection for my shipping industry. But what do I find? Not protection but subjection. I have not even the solace for my shipping industry of the benefit of the boon of this discriminating protection, now halting, now hampering, but always reminding one of its untimely approaching demise. And even if my Government were consciously or unconsciously to make the mistake of giving protection to our shipping industry, the present constitutional act will compel them to feed the over-fed lion every time that they feed the famished Indian lamb with the result that instead of the lamb growing side by side with the lion it will soon find itself completely inside the lion. This is the economic Swaraj which at present is destined for the Shipping industry. And if I try to disown it they say Walchand is obstinate, he has not the Christ-like quality of living and letting others live. What can I do? I must continue to be obstinate as I must remain true to my country and true to my cause.

HINT TO BRITISH SHIPPING.

Some kind but inquisitive friends often ask me: "Walchand, is it true that you had the audacity of asking Lord Inchcape to sell the B. I. to you and is it a fact that when you made such an offer you had hardly six pence in your pocket." I tell those friends that I do not remember whether I had even a farthing in my pocket at that time. But I warn them as I warn others that I am in dead earnest when I say that I had and have with me the birthright of my country, the justice of my cause, the equity of my claim and the irresistible force of the growing nationalism of a country impatient and anxious to obtain its freedom. It is this unshakable faith both in my cause and in my country that make me talk and act in a manner which the 'live and let live wallahs" fail to appreciate, much less to imitate. What I asked Lord Inchcape in the past, I have asked and I shall continue to ask his successors to give and I hope they who call me their brother in the Empire when it suits them will be well advised to concede India its claims and make India's Walchands their real brethren, whether inside the Empire or outside the Empire.

An important report of the Imperial Shipping Committee was published a few months ago. It contains a good word of praise for the vigorous management of the Scindia Company. Imperial Shipping Committee are anxious for fostering the maritime solidarity of the countries forming the British Commonwealth of Nations, so that they can present an united front against the other foreign shipping interests which of the Orient. But what about dominate and capture the trade India and Indian shipping? Our Government tell us that Empire shipping includes Indian shipping. Yes. The lion includes the lamb, not outside, but within itself. What we want is Indian shipping as distinct from British shipping, Indian shipping owned, controlled and managed by Indians themselves. Is it too much to ask that those who have got the power to help Indians in their onward march, will give their most serious thought to the modest recommendations of such an influential body, as the Imperial Shipping Committee.

Some sympathetic critics however advise me: "Walchand, hasten slowly." We are now in the midst of a war. Be satisfied with what you have got at present. Everything will be all right when the war comes to an end." I am not a Prophet. But I had reached my years of discretion long before the last War. I remember what were the promises given then, and the disillusionment that followed. I do not know when this war will come to an end. I do not know what the times of peace will have in store for India—new rights or fresh fetters. Time and tide wait for no one, and the tides in the Indian ocean are no exception to this universal rule. India has to protect its trades. India has to defend its coasts. British shipping is losing ground. It has to seek the help of neutral shipping. Will it accept the proffered hand of friendship of Indian national shipping? Is this not the time when Indian shipping should be helped and encouraged and India should be helped to build ships, so that not only can India protect its trades and defend its coasts but can also be of help to Britain in her present hour of need? Instead, therefore, of asking me to 'hasten slowly' may I in all humility ask my sympathetic critics to allow me to offer to them a little of my courage and a little of my imagination so that they and I can work for the common purpose of building up a powerful national mercantile marine. And may I remind them that while every national government considers it their duty to help their national mercantile marine in every possible way, during the times of peace, they recognise the development of such national mercantile marine, as the imperative necessity of their country, during the times of war. Let them note that. If India has to fall in line with the recognised standards of modern nationalism, its Government will have to do what every national government have been doing all over the world.

DR. RAGHUBHAI NAYAK who returned after five years' stay in Europe. He got his Ph.D. in Pedagogy and Psychology and, while in Europe before the present war, he toured different countries, getting a first-hand knowledge of the working of various educational institutions.

Dr. Millikan To Be Entertained

All those who are interested to meet Dr. Robert Andrews Millikan are welcome to attend a dinner arranged for Saturday (13th inst.) at 8 p.m. at 22, Club Back Road, Byculla, under the auspices of Indo-American Union.

Dr. Millikan Nobel Prize winner in physics in 1923, is travelling in India with his wife and two associates Drs. H. V. Neher, and Wm. H. Pickering.

Prof. Millikan's "on drop methods" for determining the properties of the electron is a well-known experiment now conducted in every physics laboratory in the world.

Reservations can be made on telephoning No. 23670 or communicating with the Secretaries at 30, Central Bank Bldg., or at Room No. 57, Bombay Mutual Building, Fort. Cover charge per head is Rs. 1-12. Those who come after dinner are welcome to meet Dr. Millikan and hear this famous American speak.

UPROAR IN CORPORATION

Congress Party Objects To Mayor's Decision: Adjournment Lost: Modak Re-appointed

CONTROL OF CITY BUS RATES

An adjournment of the House was moved on Thursday as a protest against the Mayor's ruling on a proposition which he declared as "carried" as nobody wanted to speak on the proposition.

The adjournment motion was, however, lost and the Mayor had to give in and take votes again on the proposition.

The stir was caused on the proposition of Dr. J. N. Choksy who moved:

That in view of the fact that a large gap in Municipal revenue will be created by the introduction of prohibition in the City and the imposition of the Urban Immovable Property Tax and by other stringent measures adopted by Government, the Standing Committee be requested to consider, in consultation with the Commissioner, and report what measures they propose to adopt to maintain the solvent financial position of the Corporation and also to report the losses the Corporation will suffer on account of (1) loss of Tobacco Duty, (2) probable loss in payment from Government on account of liquor licences and (3) loss from Town Duty levied on wines, spirits and beer and to suggest ways and means to make up the losses during the current and the following years.

Mr. M. N. Talpade seconded the proposition and the Mayor immediately put the question to vote and declared it carried.

At this there was an uproar and the Congress Party shouted "No, No", and wanted to vote against.

The Mayor replied that he had given the House a chance to vote and as no one opposed, he declared the proposition carried. As the Congress Party insisted on voting against, the Mayor put the proposition to vote again and declared it lost.

At this stage Mr. M. N. Talpade moved adjournment of the House, which being put to vote was declared lost.

MODAK RE-APPOINTED.

At an earlier stage the House approved of the resolution of the Works Committee to appoint Mr. N. V. Modak, whose term of office as City Engineer expires on 9th July, 1940, for a further period of five years with effect from 10th July, 1940, on a salary of Rs. 2,000 per month plus Rs. 200 conveyance allowance.

BUS RATES.

The House also agreed to the resolution of Mr. D. V. Pradhan to request the Mayor to invite the attention of the Government to the question of bringing the fares on the Bus Service run in the City by the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. under proper control and to request them to take the necessary steps in the matter at an early date.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

THE POPE'S PANACEA

(Continued from page 6)

tion to the mystic and irrational and therefore sectarian-doctrinal planes, no immunity could be sought or found in the doctrines that His Holiness thinks his mission to stabilize and propagate as the panacea for the world's ills. To those at least who know the history of the Church, the promise of salvation looks far from convincing and although the faithful may accept it without question there is no reason why in this age of enlightenment the other people should follow them.

ENGLISH WIVES OF INDIANS

Eager To Become Members Of Indian National Congress

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 11.

The Foreign Department of the A. I. C. C. has been informed by Mr. S. Alley, Secretary of the Hindustani Social Club, London, (started by the late Sir Shapurji Saklatwala), that sixty Congress members have been enrolled for the current year within three months. They include Sikhs and Hindus engaged in business, journalism, medical profession, etc.

Mr. Alley writes: There are many more willing to become members, but for want of membership-form books, enrolment on mass scale has not been possible.

It is asked if the English wives of Indians can also become members. They are willing to sign the creed. They wish to become members of the Indian National Congress and are prepared to sign the creed, and would also be enrolled.

It is understood that the A. I. C. C. office is sending more membership-form books with instructions that the Indian National Congress has kept its rolls open to all nationalists, who accept its creed and constitution.—United Press.

Vacant Seat Of Madras Assembly Not To Be Filled

MADRAS, Jan. 10.

The Government have notified that no bye-election will be held for the present to fill the vacancy in the Madras Legislative Assembly caused on account of the death of Mr. D. L. Narasimharaju Member representing the Sarvasiddhi General (Rural) Constituency.—A. P.

"What do you advise to build up his Health and Strength?"

ANGIER'S is the answer

During convalescence, Angier's Emulsion is invaluable for healing and strengthening the weakened system. After influenza, pleurisy, bronchitis, or any illness affecting the chest or lungs, there is nothing that will so surely soothe the diseased lung tissue, give tone and vitality to all the bodily functions, and build up the general health and well-being.

In catarrhal affections of the stomach and bowels and in nervous 'run-down' conditions, it is equally efficacious. It soothes the mucous membrane of the stomach and intestines, corrects digestive and bowel irregularities, promotes normal, healthy appetite, overcomes nervous depression, and greatly increases vitality.

Prescribed by the Medical Profession for over 40 years, and extensively used in hospitals throughout the country, Angier's is the most palatable of all emulsions and agrees perfectly with delicate, sensitive stomachs. Equally useful for adults and children.

"Frequently prescribe Angier's"

A Doctor writes: "In great appreciation of Angier's I wish to state that I have derived decided benefit from your preparation, not only with regard to a persistent laryngeal cough, but also gastro-intestinal trouble, and general malaise, etc. I have frequently prescribed it for cases of debility, bronchitis, etc., and have not found one but which has done well with it." (Sgd.)— —, M.B.Ch.B.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

On Woollen Fabrics See the Name

"LALIMLI"

PURE WOOL

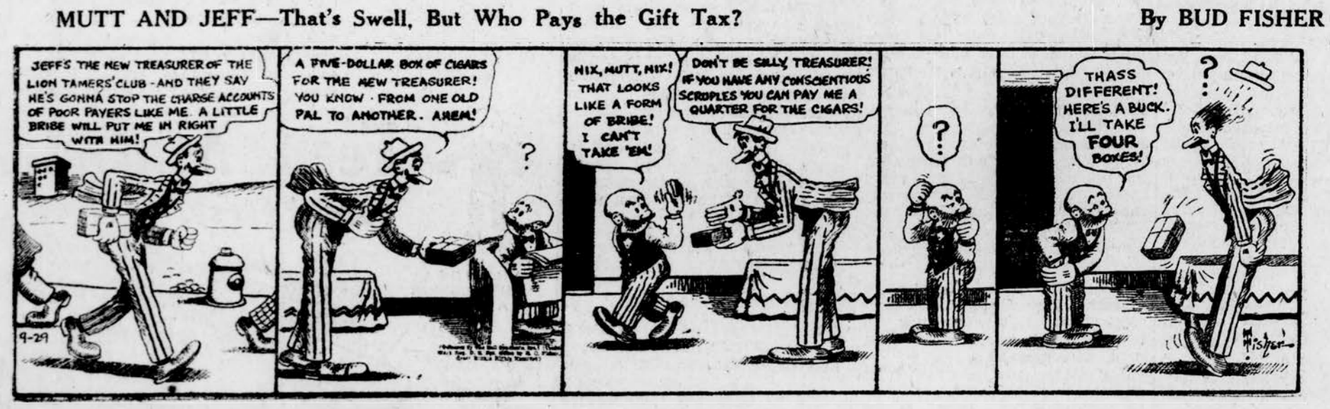
WORSTEDS, FLANNELS, TWEEDS, HOSIERY, BLANKETS, LOHIS, & KNITTING YARNS

TRADE MARK

The CAWNPORE WOOLLEN MILLS ESTD. 1876, CAWNPORE.U.P.

(BRANCH OF THE BRITISH INDIA CORPORATION LTD.)

MUTT AND JEFF—That's Swell, But Who Pays the Gift Tax? By BUD FISHER


JEFF'S THE NEW TREASURER OF THE LION TAMERS' CLUB - AND THEY SAY HE'S GONNA STOP THE CHARGE ACCOUNTS OF POOR PAYERS LIKE ME. A LITTLE BRIBE WILL PUT ME IN RIGHT WITH HIM!
A FIVE-DOLLAR BOX OF CIGARS FOR THE NEW TREASURER! YOU KNOW - FROM ONE OLD PAL TO ANOTHER. AHEM!
?
NIX, MUTT, NIX! THAT LOOKS LIKE A FORM OF BRIBE! I CAN'T TAKE 'EM!
DON'T BE SILLY, TREASURER! IF YOU HAVE ANY CONSCIENTIOUS SCRUPLES YOU CAN PAY ME A QUARTER FOR THE CIGARS!
?
THASS DIFFERENT! HERE'S A BUCK. I'LL TAKE FOUR BOXES!
?
9-29

Third Day Of Winter Meeting

Acceptors, Weights And Order Of Running For Saturday's Nine Events

The following are the Acceptors, Weights and Order of Running for the Third Day of the Bombay Second Winter Meeting, to be run at Mahalaxmi to-morrow.:—

FIRST RACE: 1-45 p. m.

THE CONSOLATION HANDICAP (Division II.) Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

To be ridden by Licensed Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys.

Little Son 9-0; So That's That 9-0; Checkmate 8-12; Gone With The Wind 8-9; The Quack 8-5; Hamburger 8-6; Baby Boy 7-7; Scotch 8-4; Romney's Girl 8-2; Merry Pass 8-2; Barnegat 8 1; School Quad 7-12; Murdock 7-12; Reliable 7-8; Red Minx 7-8; Goblin 7-7.

★ ★

SECOND RACE: 2-15 p.m.

THE KHANDALA PLATE. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Indian Horses Starred in Class IV.

Miss Lena 9-0; Jayant 9-0; Mahboob 8-9; Eager Tit 8-7; Black Magic 8-4; Rose Apple 8-4; Redouble 8-4; Tippu Sultan 8-0; Hue D'Or 7-10; Cherie 7-7; Rockaway 7-7.

★ ★

THIRD RACE: 2-45 p. m.

THE LANSDOWNE PLATE. Distance—(About)—1½ Miles.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 900; Third Rs. 450. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Mythical Monk 9-2; Panna Prince 8-13; Mark You 8-6, Coeur Brule 8-0; Ratepayer 8-0; Rose of Persia II 7-11; Miss Grenville 7-7; Flambeau 7-4.

★ ★

FOURTH RACE: 3-15 p. m.

THE KHETRI PLATE. Distance—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs 700; Third Rs. 300. For Indian Horses in Class "A" maidens at the time of starting. W. A. Allowance—Mares allowed 3lbs.

Potato Jones 9-1; Miss O. K. 8-12; Farida 8-12; Limelight 8-8; Prestige 8-8; Laxmidhar 8-8; Star of Baroda; 8-8; Noble King 8-8; Countess Nil 8-5; Turf King 7-0; Vikramsinha 8-8; Hectic 8-8; Rani Taramati 8-5; Welfare 8-5; Fancy Glen 8-5; Indian Glory 8-5; Discard 8-5; Scottish Pride 8-5.

★ ★

FIFTH RACE: 3-45 p. m.

THE MELTON PLATE. Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; Second Rs. 1,200; Third Rs. 600.

For Arabs maidens at the time of landing landed on or after 1st July, 1939, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. reduced 4lbs. (Landing Allowance Clause in General condition does not apply). Penalties—Winners once, 7lbs. oftener 14 lbs.

King Hilal 8-12; Saif Al Muluk 8-5; The Pilot 8-7; Grand Slam 8-7; Sheik Shallal 8-7; Jambaz 8-5; Chief Ruler 8-5; Mulbun 8-5; Spitfire 8-5; President 8-5, Robinhood 7-12; Maazan 7-12; Aneed 7-12; Gold Deposit 7-12; Saif Bahadur 7-12; Kowkab Suhail 7-12; Hazim Beg 7-12.

★ ★

SIXTH RACE: 4-15 p. m.

THE LINLITHGOW CUP. Distance—(About)—1¼ Miles.

A Cup value £50 presented by His Excellency the Viceroy and Rs. 13,500 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 10,000; Second, Rs. 2,500; Third Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Classes I and II.

Royal Romance 9-4; Loch Ness 9-2; Gay Lover 9-2; Cash 7-12; Oceanus 7-11; Pressman 7-11; Monte Carlo 7-10; Vandyke 7-10, Carioca 7-7; Gaul 7-6; Warrior's Call 7-4.

★ ★

SEVENTH RACE 4-45 p.m.

THE YARMOUTH PLATE. Distance—1 Mile.

Winner Rs. 6,000; Second Rs 1,350; Third Rs. 900. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Monocle 9-0; Budapest 8-12, Maratha Emperor 8-12; Cash Book 8-1; Usk 8-10; Meddlesome 8-7; Kingsbury 8-5; Garden Warbler 8-3; Twain 8-1; Leander 8-1, Brelan 8-1; Talk 7-12; Bastion 7-12; Maharajah's Choice 7-8.

★ ★

EIGHTH RACE: 5-15 p.m.

THE DELHI PLATE. Distance—1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; Second, Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Arabs, in Class II.

Nur Jehan 9-0; Faruq Pasha 8-12; Taj Subhan 8-11; Gaurishanker 8-10; Jahan Ara 8-10; Gazal 8-9; Orient 8-8; Her Highness 8-8; Khalaf Majnun 8-7 Mujbil al Arab 8-5; Gul 8-1 Attaf Beg 8-3; Zain ul Muluk 8-3; Roulette 8-3; Qudum al Khair 8-2; Starlight 8-1; Star of Iraq 8-1; Saif Antar 8-1; Mithqal 7-13; Dalli al Iraq 7-9.

★ ★

NINTH RACE: 5-45 p.m.

THE CONSOLATION HANDICAP. (Division I.) Distance—7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,000; Second, Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Arabs, in Class IV.

Spun Glass 9-4; Hassina 9-0; Gold Gainer 8-12; Braces 8-12; Royal Prince 8-11; Jayant 8-10; Droichead Nua 8-9; Golden Mantle 8-9; Scion 8-6; Santa Rosa 8-6 Honor M. 7-12; King of the Ring 8-6; Cendrillon 8-5; Ferryman 8-0; Night Alarm 7-12; Italian Bomber 7-12; Fun of the Fayre 7-9.

LATEST GALLOPS

Vandyke Does Impressive Gallop

From OUR TRACK CORRESPONDENT

LOCH NESS (Britt) had ONE I LOVE (Burn) for company in a rousing mile and a quarter spin on the racing grass. Latter better.

CARIOCA (Bell) and WARRIOR'S CALL (Gethin) did a pace nine furlongs together very satisfactorily.

ROYAL ROMANCE (Burn) gave an attractive display when covering ten furlongs on the racing grass. Fit and well.

VANDYKE (Brace) shaped very well in a rousing ten furlongs on the tan. He is in nice trim.

OCEANUS (Marrable) and PRESSMAN (Gethin) were about level of the end of a good pace ten furlongs on the racing grass.

BRELAN (Bell), GERVAN (Gethin) and MYTHICAL MONK (R. Boy) had a pace mile spin. All pleased.

TWAIN (Meekings) covered a sharp mile very satisfactorily. Training on.

SCION (R. Boy) had MARK BACK (R. Boy) beaten over seven furlongs (inner grass).

SPUN GLASS (Britt) showed superior speed to ROSE APPLE (Malarich) in a dash over the seven. Former is a good type Must run well again.

GOLDGAINER (Bond) put up a satisfactory display over seven furlongs.

BARNEGAT (R. Boy) outpaced SANTA ROSA (R. Boy) in a six furlongs dash on the tan.

BRACES (Marrable) and MISS LENA (R. Boy) were quite good when doing seven furlongs on the racing grass.

WINSTON (Britt) and MAHBOOB (Burn) went really well in a six furlongs run on the racing grass.

PRESTIGE (Burn) was not good enough to hold LIME LIGHT (Britt) in a sharp six furlongs burst.

DISCARD (Jadhav) beat INDIAN GLORY (Meekings) in a dash over the six. Former will soon be winning a race.

GRAND SLAM (Marrable) moved well in a run over seven furlongs on the tan.

CHIEF RULER (Maxwell) was slightly ahead of SHEIKH SHALLAL (Gethin) and BANASH AMER (Whiteside) in a smart seven furlongs gallop on the tan.

KING HILAL pleased over seven furlongs.

ATTAF BEG (Whiteside) beat ROULETTE narrowly over seven furlongs on the tan. Fit horses.

MITHQAL (Orme) strode out freely in a mile spin.

GAURISHANKER (Meekings) had a strong pace mile gallop and pleased.

STAR OF IRAQ (Burn) shaped like a fit horse when sent nine furlongs. Keep an eye on this one.

FARUQ PASHA (B. Khan) gave a good display over nine furlongs.

WHEEL OF FORTUNE (B. Khan) outpaced FAHAD PASHA (R. Boy) over six furlongs.

KOLHAPUR (R. Boy) had THOUSAND DOLLARS (R. Boy) held in a mile gallop on the inner grass.

SARKHAT (R. Boy) beat PRINCE HILAL (R. Boy) in a rattling mile gallop on the inner grass.

Note:—ITALIAN BOMBER, MONTE CARLO, GONE WITH THE WIND, KHALAF MAJNUN.

BOMBAY TO MEET MYSORE IN FINAL

Aligarh Beaten In Semi-Finals Of Inter-University Cricket Championship

By beating the Aligarh University by 52 runs in the semi-finals of the Inter-University Cricket Championship for the Rohinton Baria Trophy on Tuesday, the Bombay University qualified for the final against Mysore University commencing on Saturday January 13.

In Aligarh's second innings Salauddin adopted correct tactics in going for the runs and scored 128 out of the total of 179 all out.

With the exception of Aziz, who scored 22 runs by drives and cuts the other eight batsmen could not hold up Bombay's attack and were out for the addition of about 25 runs to the total.

Chippa and Nagaraj Rao played a big part in Bombay's victory. In Aligarh's second innings Chippa captured 5 wickets for 37 runs and Nagaraj Rao 3 wickets for 24 runs.

Scores:—

Bombay University (First Innings)	231
Aligarh University (First Innings)	179
Bombay University (Second Innings)	179
Aligarh University (Second Innings)	179

ALL-INDIA OLYMPICS

Bengal's Probable Team For The Games

Bengal propose sending a strong team to participate in the All-India Olympic Games to be held in Bombay early in February. The details of the team have not been made available, as the number to be sent to Bombay depend upon the funds available.

It is, however, said that the following will probably go to make up Bengal's team: Z. H Khan, the sprinter, whose best timing for the 100 metres is 11 seconds. He recently did the 200 metres in 23 2/5 seconds. A. H. Priestly, a good all-rounder will be a likely choice. He is said to be good in field events. Then comes P. B. Chandra, a middle and long distance runner. K. W. Perrett, who put up a new all-India record for the hammer throw at the last Athletic meeting of the Bengal Olympic Association, will come. F. Gantzer, may be selected to represent Bengal in the hurdles and also the 400 metres. Gantzer's best in the 110 metres hurdles is 16 seconds.

Miss Babara Beek, a lass of 13, who is proving a real champion, will be Bengal's representative of any woman does come with the team. She won the 50 and 100 metres in fine style and established, besides, what is claimed as an Indian record for the Long Jump. The other Athletes who should find a place are J. Fowls, L. Hay, D. Fenon and R. K. Mehra, the racing cyclist, who did the 10,000 metres cycle event in 19 minutes 21 2/5 seconds recently.

"Notable Entity In World Cricket"

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, Jan 11

If only future test team selectors keep an open mind and I have no doubt there are enough talents to meet not one but many M. C. C.'s in England and keep India as a notable entity in world cricket. Therefore it is not for you to count your successes in the matches, local, provincial or All-India but it is enough to play the game as best as you could. Who knows you may have in your midst the future germ to beat world's record in the most popular game, said Major Naidu addressing youngsters presiding over the local Cricket Club Anniversary day.

HOSPITAL DAY RACES MEETING ON JAN. 24

The Royal Western India Turf Club has allocated Wednesday, January 24. as Hospital Day in aid of H. E. The Governor of Bombay's Hospital Fund.

The Executive of the Royal Western India Turf Club are staging an attractive programme on Hospital Day.

Bombay Hockey League

St. Xaviers Unlucky To Share Points With Police

St. Xaviers' College 1. Bombay City Police Athletic Club 1.
G. I. P. Railway (Workshops) 1. Burma Shell Sports Club 0.

The First Division League match on Thursday was an exciting encounter where fortunes varied. Though, it will have to be admitted, that the College had the much bigger slice of ill-luck. The game was played throughout at a fast pace, and the early half saw the Xaverians defending. D'Sales here put in some clever anticipatory work and foiled some good efforts. During this spell the College men appeared unsettled. It was only in the closing minutes of the first period that St. Xaviers showed what they could do, and but for Elias D'Souza bungling, when offered a nice opportunity, the College might have crossed over one goal ahead.

In the second half, it was only St. Xaviers', and one wonders why the College attack cannot produce the clever tactics of Thursday evening ofmer. If they could only be consistent in this direction, it would take a crack to snatch a match from St. Xaxiers. This period saw the College's had fortune begin. They were all over the Police and three beautiful openings were wasted. They persevered and Elias D'Souza eventually notched a point. The greatest tragedy for St. Xaviers' was experienced, when the referee allowed the Police to draw level through Jameson when the laws of the game had been transgressed twice in rapid time. Initially, the ball was scooped into the "D", then Jameson, who met the ball and scored, badly made sticks in hitting past de Sales the equaliser. The College till the end were seen to advantage. Scott in the Police goal was brilliant, and Adams, with Jameson up in the forward line was a stalwart as a defender. The game closed with the sides sharing two points.

TEAMS

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE: de Sales, Fereira and D'Cunha; Saldanha, Fernandes and E. D'Souza; A. D'Souza; Pereira, Elias D'Souza, Rowland and Eustace D'Souza.

BOMBAY CITY POLICE A. C.: Scott, Jameson and Hamid; Mahmood, Adams and Hamid 11; Aziz, Abbas, Lazarus, Stanley and Baboo.

G. I. P. Win

The score in the Second Division League match, where the G. I. P. Railway (Workshops) beat the Burma Shell by a solitary goal, flatters the losers.

The Railway were superior but finished deplorably. The chief defaulter here was Sullivan, the leader of the attack. During the game he threw away four positive sitters through erratic play. He made some amends by scoring his side's winning goal, which came in the late half.

To-day's Matches

B. P. H. A. ground—4-15, Y. M. C. A. vs. 10th Battery; 5-15 p.m. Customs vs. Lusitanians "B".

Bombay Gymkhana ground—5-15 p.m. B. B. & C. I. Railway "B" vs. 2/15th Punjab Regiment.

A. F. I. ground—4-15 p.m. Elphinstone College vs. Imperial Chemical Industries; G. I. P. Railway (Workshops) vs. Government Law College.

BOMBAY HOCKEY LEAGUE POSITIONS

I DIVISION

Teams.	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. F.	A.	Pts.
1. G. I. P. Rly. Hd. Qrs.	6	5	—	1	16	6	10
2. Lusitanians "B"	5	3	1	1	11	2	7
3. "Times of India" "A"	5	2	2	1	7	6	6
4. St. Xavier's College	5	1	3	2	3	6	5
5. B. E. S. T.	5	1	2	2	7	11	4
6. Customs A. C.	4	1	1	2	4	11	3
7. Bombay City Police A. C.	4	—	3	1	4	5	3
8. Bombay City Police	3	—	—	3	1	12	—

II DIVISION
X Section

Teams.	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. F.	A.	Pts.
1. B. B. & C. I. Rly. "A"	7	6	1	—	33	7	13
2. R. I. N. (Depot)	6	5	—	1	16	8	10
3. Lusitanians "A"	7	5	—	2	15	8	10
4. Cathedral Old Boys	5	3	1	1	9	6	7
5. Parsi Cyclists	6	2	1	3	6	11	5
6. Bombay Dist. Police	6	1	1	4	7	14	3
7. Bombay Port Trust	5	—	—	5	1	17	—
8. Telegraph R. C.	6	—	—	6	3	19	—

Y Section

Teams.	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. F.	A.	Pts.
1. Young Sports	6	6	—	—	21	4	12
2. 2/15 Punjab Regt.	5	4	—	1	8	5	8
3. B. B. & C. I. Rly. "B"	5	2	2	1	7	4	6
4. 10th Battery (A. F. I.)	5	2	1	2	8	4	5
5. Y. M. C. A.	5	2	—	3	5	9	4
6. Imperial C. I.	6	1	1	4	7	13	3
7. Elphinstone College	5	1	1	3	3	7	3
8. Khatau Sports	7	1	1	5	4	17	3

Z Section

Teams.	P.	W.	D.	L.	Goals. F.	A.	Pts.
1. H. V. M.	6	5	1	—	17	2	11
2. Burmah-Shell	6	3	1	2	16	8	7
3. G. I. P. (Workshops)	5	3	1	1	10	5	7
4. R. I. N. (Art. & App.)	6	3	—	3	14	7	6
5. "Times of India" "B"	5	3	—	2	8	7	6
6. Bombay Telephone Co.	5	1	1	3	6	7	3
7. Govt. Law College	6	1	—	5	6	25	2
8. Transit Section	5	1	—	4	1	17	2

CRICKET MATCH TO RAISE FUNDS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In order to raise funds for the Tairsee Memorial, the Red Cross Society and the Kathiawar Famine Relief Fund, two cricket matches of four days each will be played on the Brabourne Stadium ground next month, shortly after the Ranji Trophy cricket final.

The first match will be between the Hindus XI, winner of the 1939 Pentangular Cricket Tournament in Bombay and all the other communities combined.

The second match will be between the Muslim XI, champion of the 1937 and 1938 Pentangular Cricket Tournament and the rest of other communities, including the Hindus.

These matches were intended to be played in January, but in order not to clash with the Ranji Trophy final, it was postponed to February.

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30 TABLETS
AS 10
You can get well for as. 1
'ASPRO' DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH
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'ASPRO' fulfils a need of all Indians. It kills pain and fever simply and safely—It is hailed with joy everywhere as India's family medicine. 'ASPRO' helps all from Child to Parent. It attacks most diseases because it is a solvent of Uric Acid—an internal antiseptic—a germ destroyer—a fever reducer—an antifermentative and an antipyretic. This means that 'ASPRO' does the work of many medicines.

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The consumer gets 'ASPRO' fresh and pure. Loose Tablets deteriorate and may become dangerous. They develop Hydrolysis. 'ASPRO' in 'Sealtite' pack keeps pure and fresh for years. It cannot deteriorate. You get 3 tablets for 1 anna—the greatest healing, pain stopping, fever-reducing value ever offered.

REMEMBER LOOSE TABLETS DETERIORATE AND ARE OFTEN DANGEROUS. INSIST ON 'ASPRO' 'SEALTITE' PACKED TABLETS. EVERY 'ASPRO' TABLET IS BRANDED 'ASPRO'

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Sd. F.S. ..... M.B., C.H.B.

(2) Have given 'ASPRO' good tests—very pleased with them and its quick action.
Sd. ..... M.B.

(3) I use 'ASPRO' for my family and find it is superior to any form of Aspirin Tablet.
Sd. ..... M.B.

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Stops TOOTHACHE & NEURALGIA at once.
Soothes AWAY ACHES & PAINS.
Brings SWEET SLEEP to the sleepless.
Soothes AWAY IRRITABILITY.
Stops WOMAN'S Pains.
As a Gargle it Dispels SORE THROATS.
Breaks up COLDS & INFLUENZA.
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Undoubtedly 'ASPRO' is the world's best gargle. It quickly banishes sore throats—soothes the inflammation—because of its high antiseptic qualities. It differs, however, from ordinary gargles because when you immerse 'ASPRO' tablets in water they break up into very tiny particles. These particles cling to the lining of the throat, which gradually releases their antiseptic qualities. So you get a prolonged action which is highly beneficial—Why put up with a sore throat. GARGLE IT AWAY WITH 'ASPRO'.

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THIRD DAY—13th JANUARY

EXTRA RACE MEETING HOSPITAL DAY—24TH JANUARY.
in aid of H. E. The Governor of Bombay's Hospital Fund.

ADMISSION :
1st Enclosure Gentlemen Rs. 3|-
1st Enclosure Ladies Rs. 2|-
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The Bombay Chronicle

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First Viceregal Visit To Alibag

LINLITHGOW SHAKES HANDS WITH HALF-NAKED PEASANTS

(From Our Correspondent).
ALIBAG, Jan. 11.

The only topic of discussion in the s.s. "Jayalaxmi" as she made its way towards the Rawas Pier on Thursday morning was the visit of His Excellency the Viceroy to Alibag.

Notables from Bombay like Dr. V. K. Dongre, President, Kolaba District Board, Mr. N. N. Patil, ex-M.L.C., and Mr. M. M. Bhaiji, M.L.A., for Kolaba, were in the boat.

The Rewas Pier was decorated with Union Jacks, buntings and red carpets for the reception of the Viceroy and as the many buses from Rewas Pier made their way in the sleepy little town of Alibag the passengers came across many arches of foliage and other decorations.

Every Governor of Bombay generally visits this place during his term at least once, but the King's Representative has done it for the first time ever since the 'Angria' rule ended in Alibag exactly a hundred years ago. There was, therefore, free speculation about the supposed purpose behind the visit.

COURTESY VISIT?

Some said that it was out of pure curiosity to see what the principal seat of the Angrias, the Mahratta sailors of old looked like. Others ascribed it to a request by Sardar Chandroji Rao Angria, Home Member of Gwalior State and His Highness, the Maharaja of Dewas (Junior) to the Viceroy to a place in which both were interested as scions of the Angria dynasty. Still others sought behind the visit a plan to make Alibag a possible, permanent resort for soldiers on leave which those from Deolali and Kirkee visit now only as a holiday resort for the last three years.

All these appear to be, however, mere figments of imagination. All that the Viceroy did was to attend the District Police parade and an agricultural and animal husbandry exhibition each for 15 and 20 minutes. He came at about 12 and was in his special launch again at 2 p.m. The Viceroy's visit to Alibag appeared to be only a pleasure trip in an out-of-the-way place.

FIRST VICEREGAL VISIT

It was an unusual sight when H. E. the Viceroy drove through the narrow streets of Alibag and later visited Khandala, a small village four miles from Alibag where he spent sometime in the midst of the Konkan peasants. His Excellency who was accompanied by H. E. Governor of Bombay arrived at Rewas Pier just before noon and was met by Mr. H. F. Knight, Adviser, Rural Development, Mr. E. W. Perry, Commissioner, Southern Division, the District Collector and Superintendent of Police. The party then drove to Alibag, where their Excellencies were accorded a warm welcome by the citizens. This is the first Viceregal visit to Alibag. H. E. the Viceroy attended a police parade where the Viceroy took the salute. After the parade, leading citizens of the District, including members of Legislature and Sardars, were presented to the Viceroy and the Governor.

ADVICE TO POLICE

Addressing the police force His Excellency said:—

"I congratulate you on the smartness of your drill and turnout today. I am very glad to have had this opportunity of seeing on parade police from two districts of the Bombay Presidency. You have a great reputation to keep up and I know that you have deserved it and will continue to deserve it.

On you and on your fellow members of Bombry police depend primarily the peace of this great presidency and the happiness and security of millions of its inhabitants.

You have proved readily adaptable to changing conditions, and the loyalty with which you have discharged your duties at all times is a great credit to you. You will, I know, continue to do your duty and give willing and wholehearted obedience to your officers. When firmness is required, let it be tempered by restraint: continue to deserve public support and you will receive it in full measure.

I shall watch with keen interest your activities in future, confident that in all circumstances you will maintain and endeavour to enhance the high reputation which belongs to the force in which you are privileged to serve."

AGRICULTURAL SHOW

The Viceroy and party then drove to Khandala, when a small agricultural exhibition and cattle show was organised under the auspices of the Kolaba Rural Development Board. A majority of its members are Congressmen but they were conspicuous by their absence. The Viceroy took keen interest in the exhibits of paddy, vegetables, fruit and inspected the gift and premium bulls. He talked informally with peasants and shook hands with a peasant who was half-naked. He distributed prizes to owners of best exhibits.

The Viceroy then left for Elephanta Caves.

SIR ATUL CHATTERJEE

First Indian To Be Elected President Of Royal Art Society

LONDON, Jan. 10.

The Council of the Royal Society of Arts has elected Sir Atul Chatterjee as Chairman in the place of Sir Reginald Glancy. Sir Atul Chatterjee is the first Indian to hold the office.—Reuter.

NO RESPONSE TO BENGAL P. C. C.'S DEMAND

Subhas Bose's Charge Against Congress Cabinet

MADRAS, Jan. 11.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has issued the following statement through the "United Press":—

"My attention has been drawn to the statement made to the effect that no representation was submitted, on benalf of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, to the Congress Working Committee asking for permission to deal with the situation created by the Emergency Ordinances in Bengal.

The facts are as follows:

When I returned to Calcutta early in October after visiting Madras, Wardha and Bombay, I found the situation altered beyond recognition owing to emergency ordinances and there had been drastic encroachment on Civil Liberties. I had prolonged discussion with a number of prominent Congress workers and it was unanimously agreed that the matter should be brought to the notice of the Working Committee. At that time many of the prominent members of the Committee were in Delhi. We deputed Mr. Niharendu Dutta Mazumdar to proceed to Delhi at once and place all facts before them and ask for necessary permission to deal with the situation. I also wired to important members of the Working Committee informing them of the deputation of Dr. Dutta Mazumdar to them.

Mr Dutta Mazumdar, after fulfilling his mission, returned to Calcutta with a message that the Working Committee would consider the matter at its ensuing meeting at Wardha and would then let us have the necessary directions.

Uptil now no such directions have come.

"Later on, the President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee convened a conference of the Presidents and Secretaries of the District Congress Committees of this province to consider the Bengal situation. After a successful conference the members present came to a unanimous decision and this was forwarded by the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee to the important members of the Working Committee, including the Chairman of the War Sub-Committee. The resolution asked for permission to deal with the situation in Bengal. Correspondence between the Secretary of the B.P.C.C. and the Chairman of the War Sub-Committee followed in the course of which the latter asked for, and was duly supplied with information as to what preparations had already been made by the B.P.C.C. No permission has been so far received from the Working Committee.

"I understand that on behalf of the Working Committee it is now being contended that no representation was sent by the B.P.C.C. to the Working Committee. I leave it to the public to judge if the legal casuistry of this sort is fair or even honest."—United Press.

DR. H. C. MOOKERJEE, M.A., Ph.D., M.L.A., Head of the Department of English, Calcutta University, President, All-India Conference of Indian Christians, who delivered a number of addresses in Bombay, during the last few days. Dr. Mookerjee, it may be recalled, has given away four lakhs of rupees in instalments to the Calcutta University for the technical and professional education of the Indian Christians of Bengal. It is understood that this does not represent the last of his benefaction for the economic and educational uplift of his Community. The money given away represents Dr. Mookerjee's own earnings. Dr. Mookerjee holds strongly nationalistic views.

PLEA FOR COALITION GOVTS.

Bombay Leaguers Support Batalvi's Statement

BOMBAY, Jan. 11.

The following statement has been issued to the press by Messrs. Yusuf Moledina, Zahidali Shoukatali, Aziz Lalljee, members of the All-India Muslim League, and Mr. Mohamed Ahsan, Editor, "Al-Hilal," and others of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League:—

We have read with interest the statement issued by Mr. Ashiq Husain Batalvi, a member of the All-India Muslim League and the Secretary of the Punjab Muslim League Radical Party. We are in perfect accord with the views expressed by Mr. Batalvi. He has given expression to the views held by radical elements in the Muslim League and we earnestly hope that those who agree with him, both in the Congress and the League, should ceaselessly work to impress upon the leaders of both the Communities that so far as the Provincial Autonomy is concerned Coalition Ministries are the first step towards creating confidence in the minorities and which in our opinion, will ultimately pave the way for the lasting Hindu-Muslim settlement. This, in the end will strengthen the Indian struggle for Independence from the foreign yoke.

We also hope that the saner element inside the Congress will also not leave any stone unturned to impress upon the present leaders of the Congress the folly of their present policy and the harm done to the struggle for freedom in sticking obstinately to false prestige. No one can deny the representative character of the Muslim League and its right to speak on behalf of the Muslims. Why should there be any hitch in accepting Muslim League as much? Such a policy will not lead us anywhere. We will be unnecessarily delaying the creating of an atmosphere to present a united front of the Indian people to demand our right and fight for the liberty of our motherland.

COMMON INTERESTS.

It is said by interested parties that the Congress and the League are miles apart, and yet the aims and objects and the programme of both these organisations are so much alike. So are their election manifestos to the electorates. But how much did the electorates expect and how little have they obtained by this disunity?

It is only when the programmes of both the organisations are not implemented, the gulf between them seems unbridgeable. The moment the responsible members of both the organisations realise the necessity of implementing the programmes and the manifestos of their respective organisations there will not be any gulf left for them to bridge.—United Press.

DR. GOPICHAND RESIGNS

Congress Party Leader In Punjab Assembly

LAHORE, Jan. 11.

Dr. Gopichand Bhargava authorises the "United Press" to state that he has resigned his seat in the Punjab Legislative Assembly and that his resignation has been forwarded to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad with intimation to Babu Rajendra Prasad and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, member and Chairman respectively of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee.

With the acceptance of his resignation by the Parliamentary Sub-Committee Dr. Gopichand will vacate his position as Leader of the Opposition in the Assembly and the Presidentship of the Punjab Parliamentary Sub-Committee.

It might be recalled that Dr. Gopichand had once before resigned his seat in the old Council in September 1928, as a protest against the treatment meted out to political prisoners by the Punjab Government which culminated in the death of Jatindranath Das, accused in the Lahore Conspiracy Case after 63 days of hunger-strike.—United Press.

SUBHAS COMING TO CITY TO-MORROW

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose will be arriving in Bombay to-morrow by the Madras Express.

JINNAH-NEHRU CORRESPONDENCE

Jawaharlal Clears Misunderstandings

(From Our Correspondent)
ALLAHABAD, Jan. 11.

Interviewed by the Meerut correspondent of "The National Herald", Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have said that Mr. Jinnah had used strong language about him in the preamble to the Jinnah-Nehru correspondence which he had released to the press. He had nothing to say about this as Mr. Jinnah was entitled to use any language he liked, but he was sorry the Muslim League President should think this way.

So far as he was concerned he had never said anything derogatory to Mr. Jinnah. He entirely opposed personal criticism in public matters in particular. He would not think of saying anything improper about Mr. Jinnah. It is another matter to discuss political views and to criticise them. Mr. Nehru felt that there was enormous difference between them in their political outlook. This was not recent but is dated since the No-co-operation Movement 20 years ago when Mr. Jinnah felt compelled to leave the Congress because he disagreed with the Congress objective. It was this political difference that prevented common ground between them in their discussion.

Mr. Nehru added that the recent report from the Punjab is not correct. He was wrongly reported to have said that it was impossible for him to resume conversations with Mr. Jinnah personally. There was no personal equation in the matter but there was a vital political difference which had been made even greater by Mr. Jinnah's decision about the Deliverance Day.'

AVOID CONTEST IN ELECTIONS

U. P. Congress Committee's Instructions To Congressmen

LUCKNOW, Jan. 10.

The General Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee has invited the attention of all the subordinate committees to the recent resolution of the Provincial Council passed at its session on December 27 last dealing with the election of delegates to the forthcoming session of the Congress.

Congressmen and women in this Province are requested in view of the grave political situation in the country to conclude elections as far as possible without contest and by mutual understanding. He says, further, that it is necessary that those members of the Congress who belong to the minority communities should be given every possible encouragement and facility to seek election as delegates to the Congress.

The number of seats for the delegates election in various districts are: City 34; Rural 462; Total 496.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Sir Cowasjee Jehangir hopes that one day India will be a vast Orient Club. I suppose he wants to preside over it.

Forecast of next week's advertising: "Morning suit for sale, almost new, worn only once."

It is expected that people will queue up from the early hours of the morning to see the Viceroy drive in state to the Town Hall. On the other hand, there may be no people at all—if it rains or snows or there is a hailstorm. The Bombay weather is so unreliable.

Possible extract from to-morrow's London "Times": "Viceroy drives through dense crowds to open great and momentous exhibition. Fog makes it impossible for him or our correspondent to see the thousands lined on the streets."

Overheard at the street corner as Viceregal procession passes: "Look, my son and remember it because when you grow up you may never see it again."

NEW INDEPENDENCE PLEDGE UNACCEPTABLE

"Conscientious" Objection To Constructive Programme

Mr. Nur Elahi, I.E.S., (Retired) has addressed the following letter to the Secretary of the Punjab Congress Committee.

As required by the Congress Working Committee's resolution of the 22nd December 1939, regarding the Independence Day Pledge I have to inform you that I cannot conscientiously take the portion relating to what is called the "constructive programme" which comprises the promotion of Khadi and of communal harmony and the eradication of untouchability.

My reasons are:—

The Khadi movement, in my opinion, has not even the remotest connection with our struggle for independence.

It seems to ignore the well-known principle of what is called in economics "socially necessary labour."

It is a symbol not of economic independence. It is a mark of man's ignorance.

It seems to assume that the mass of the population is destined to drudge at the production of the necessaries of life for itself and others and that a small minority is destined to rule.

As regards communal harmony my view is that its political significance has been unduly exaggerated. Its importance seems to depend on the illusory assumption that our kind masters would make us a gift of Swaraj, as they say, only if we would behave like good children and cease quarrelling among ourselves.

The remedy for the communal discord lies in dissociating the leaders from their duped following by arousing and intensifying the class consciousness of the peasants and the workers.

Untouchability also cannot be removed by mere preaching or by temple entry or by occasional public manifestations of fraternal affection for the Harijans.

The only effective remedy lies in raising the economic, the social and the cultural level of the depressed classes and their liberation from the dirty work.

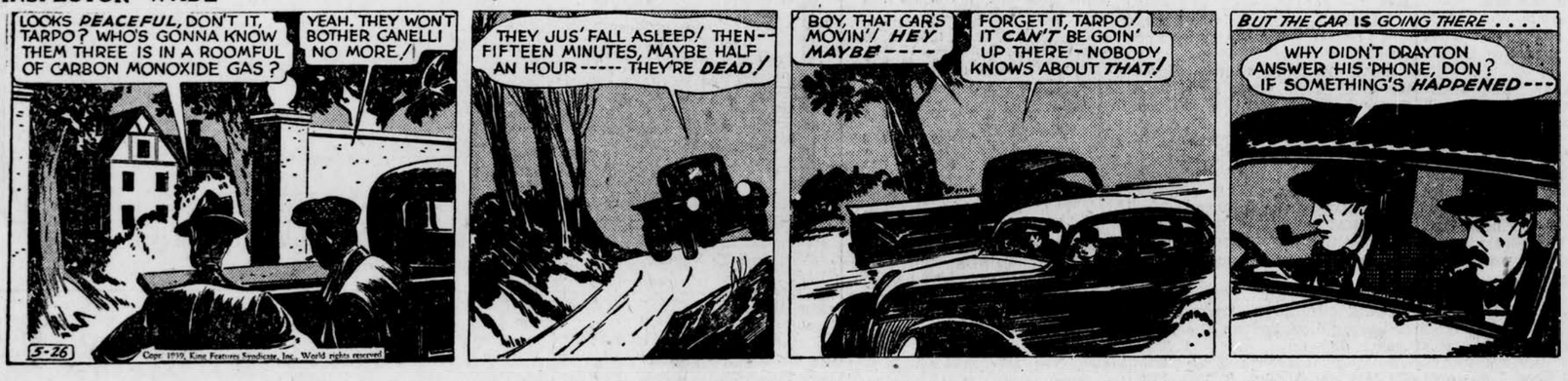
My principal objection to this so-called "constructive programme" is that it diverts the public mind from the fundamental problem, viz, political freedom.

SARDAR RETURNS TO BOMBAY

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel returned to Bombay on Thursday morning after his tour in Gujarat.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE JUG OF DEATH


LOOKS PEACEFUL, DON'T IT, TARPO? WHO'S GONNA KNOW THEM THREE IS IN A ROOMFUL OF CARBON MONOXIDE GAS?
YEAH. THEY WON'T BOTHER CANELLI NO MORE./
5-26
Copr. 1939, King Features Syndicate, Inc., World rights reserved.
THEY JUS' FALL ASLEEP/ THEN--FIFTEEN MINUTES, MAYBE HALF AN HOUR----- THEY'RE DEAD!
BOY, THAT CAR'S MOVIN'/ HEY MAYBE----
FORGET IT, TARPO! IT CAN'T BE GOIN' UP THERE - NOBODY KNOWS ABOUT THAT!
BUT THE CAR IS GOING THERE....
WHY DIDN'T DRAYTON ANSWER HIS 'PHONE, DON? IF SOMETHING'S HAPPENED---

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